Well Informed People Read The Gazette—That's Why They Are Well Informed.

COLORADO SPRINGS GAZETTE

WEATHER.
Occasional showers Monday and Tuesday.

NO. 9144—34TH YEAR. COLORADO SPRINGS, COLO., MONDAY, MARCH 26, 1906. PRICE TEN CENTS.

COAL CRISIS IS AT HAND

TODAY MAY SHOW WHETHER OR NOT THERE IS TO BE A BIG STRIKE.

JOINT COMMITTEES MAY SURRENDER WAGE SCALE CONTROVERSY TO THE GENERAL CONFERENCE.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., March 25.—Tumultuous operators and miners in the central competitive coal region will make a last effort tomorrow to come to a decision as to whether a wage scale for the ensuing year can be agreed on. The joint scale committees of the joint conference of the two districts will resume their sessions tomorrow after a deadlock lasting five days, during which there has been a hardening of a weakening of either side.

The miners demand an advance in wages of 15.5 per cent, which is the restoration of the wage scale of 1903. E. L. Robbins, speaking for the operators of western Pennsylvania, has offered to pay this advance and has threatened to the operators of Ohio, Illinois and Indiana, who are standing firmly against the payment of any advance, that unless they recede from their position he will break away from the interstate agreement and run his mines on the advanced scale. Whether the miners will agree to sign by districts and allow the mines of western Pennsylvania to run while those of Illinois, Indiana and Ohio stand idle, is a question that has not been openly settled.

President Mitchell and other leaders of the miners refuse to make any statement on this subject or even to indicate what their position will be should the situation demand a specific declaration. It is undecided whether the miners in convention would ratify any such agreement, even if made by the national officers.

The situation here has not changed since the joint scale committee adjourned over Sunday. Indications point to a disagreement of the two joint committees tomorrow and the probable calling together of the joint conference tomorrow, when the fight over the joint scale will be continued publicly.

CAPTAIN SIVITER DEAD.

WASHINGTON, March 25.—Captain Francis P. Siviter, of Company I, 25th United States infantry, died here at the army general hospital last night.

CONFERENCE NOW NEARING AN END

AFRICA'S SCHEME REGARDING POLICE LIKELY TO BRING FRANCE AND GERMANY TO EARLY ACCORD.

ALGECIRAS, March 25.—Both the German and French delegates to the conference on Moroccan reforms today assured the Associated Press that the outlook for an agreement was eminently hopeful, but neither would make a more definite statement.

The representatives of the neutral powers, however, asserted that the principal work of the conference had been concluded and that a settlement was imminent.

The delegate of a prominent neutral power said that an agreement had been practically attained beforehand and that the American proposition relative to a mixed police force was destined to serve as the final arrangement, it being introduced by the Russians in the form of another amendment to the Russian scheme. The ports to which it would be applied, he said, had not been fixed, but he believed they would be Casa Blanca and Tangier.

Mr. White, the head of the American delegation, he said, from the first did not intend to present the American proposal to the conference, his desire being to provide a feasible exit from the deadlock, but, having pointed to the way out of this, Mr. White left it to the delegates to utilize or disregard the American scheme according to the necessities of the case. The extent of the powers of the inspectors, he said, was the only point likely to create friction, but he hoped this matter could be arranged. Control of the customs by France and the division of the capital of the state bank also remain to be settled, but in the event that the other points are satisfactorily arranged, he thought an accord was inevitable.

PATTISON'S CONDITION GROWS MORE SERIOUS

COLUMBUS, O., March 25.—Reports late tonight from the sick room indicate serious developments in the condition of Governor Pattison. After passing an apparently comfortable day he became delirious tonight, the pulse fleering to fail and the temperature growing [illegible]

BALOONING IN SPRINGS

Sport to Be Taken Up Here by Aero Club of America.

DENVER, March 25.—News was received in this city today that the Aero Club of America, having headquarters in New York, intends to send two prominent members here, Chas. De La Vaulx and Charles Levee, to take up the sport of ballooning in an experimental way for the purpose of seeing how far east a balloon may sail from either Colorado Springs or Denver. Starts will be made from both cities when air currents and winds are favorable.

It was learned also that General Greely of the United States army had ordered a considerable number of small test balloons sent to Fort Logan and during the summer these aerial ships will be sent up for the purpose of gathering data as to the regular and irregular air currents, which pass over the Rocky mountain range.

BATTLESHIP OHIO LEAVES FOR SHANGHAI

WASHINGTON, March 25.—Word reached the navy department today that the battleship Ohio, the flagship of Rear Admiral Charles J. Train, had left Manila for Shanghai. It is supposed that the admiral is aboard the ship, though the dispatch to the department does not indicate whether he is or not. The battleship Wisconsin which also has been stationed at Manila, preceded the Ohio to Shanghai by one day.

These movements, the officials of the bureau of navigation say, were not ordered by the department, being probably incidental to the approach of warm weather, whose influence is beginning to be felt in the Philippines.

BODY OF DEAD MAN FOUND IN A TRUNK.

STOCKTON, Cal., March 25.—The baggageman at the Southern Pacific depot last night discovered the remains of a man, about 38 years of age, jammed into a large trunk. Officers who have been working on the case assert that the man was placed in the trunk while yet alive.

Developments today show that the dead man was A. N. McVicar, who had been employed as timberman in the Rawhide mine at Jamestown. The police are now endeavoring to locate Mrs. McVicar, who was in the city with her husband.

DRYDOCK DEWEY IS HEARD FROM AGAIN

GIBRALTAR, March 25.—Mr. Sprague, the American consul here, today received a wireless dispatch from the United States collier Glacier, informing him that the floating drydock Dewey passed Gibraltar at 10:55 o'clock this morning. The dispatch reported all well on board, but said that the weather was bad.

GOULD WINS TENNIS EVENT

TUXEDO PARK, N. Y., March 25.—In the final round for the eastern states championship for the gold racquet in court tennis today at the court of the Tuxedo Tennis and Racquet club, Jay Gould of Georgian court, Lakewood, easily defeated Pierre Lorillard, Jr., of the Tuxedo club, in three straight sets, 6-2, 6-2, 6-1. Gould is looked upon as a strong candidate for the national championship next week.

"SCOTTY" ARRESTED.

SAN FRANCISCO, March 25.—Walter Scott, commonly called "Scotty," the Death Valley miner, was arrested last night, soon after his arrival from the north. The arrest was based on a telegraphic report from the sheriff of San Bernardino county, stating that Scott was wanted there to answer a charge of assault with a deadly weapon. The charge grows out of a recent attack on a party of people, who were being escorted to Scott's mine. Scott was released on $500 bail.

ELKINS SCORED BY CUMMINS

MISSOURI CHIEF REPROVES CHAIRMAN COMMITTEE ON INTERSTATE COMMERCE.

CHARGES HIM WITH BEING STAUNCH FRIEND OF RAILROADS AND CONDUCTING UNFAIR HEARING.

DES MOINES, Ia., March 25.—Governor Cummins has mailed to Senator Elkins of West Virginia a reply to the senator's letter in which he criticised statements made by the governor in speeches to the voters of Iowa regarding his examination before the senate committee on interstate commerce when it had under consideration the railway rate bill.

The governor says that the senator accused him of falsehood in declaring that his cross-examination was hostile, that as attorney of the railway companies sat at the right of Senator Elkins during the examination, appeared to be in communication and sympathy with this attorney, and that the attorney handed to Senator Elkins questions to be asked the governor.

Cummin's Letter.

"If," says the governor, in his letter to the senator, "you understand your duties and obligations as chairman of a legislative committee to be similar to those of an advocate, I have no criticism to make of your conduct except to say that you were on the side of the railways instead of on the side of the people. I have thought, however, that as chairman of such a committee your duties and obligations were more nearly like those of a judge, namely, to hear both sides patiently, without bias or prejudice, and then to decide impartially without fear or favor. You heard patiently, but it was clearly apparent in your cross-examination that you had decided the case in favor of the railroads and were determined to shatter my evidence if you could. The cross-examination shows conclusively that you had made up your mind that the proposed authority ought not to be given to the interstate commerce committee and that the power sought to be given was unnecessary, dangerous and filled with disaster to commerce. It is from beginning to end just such a cross-examination as an attorney for the railroads would have conducted, and it was unseemly for you to assume that attitude.

Cummins' Letter.

"The scene in your committee room is sharply stamped on my memory, and it is impossible that I can be mistaken about it. Sitting squarely at your right hand, just a trifle behind you, sat a gentleman, who, as I was afterward informed, is ex-Senator Faulkner. I inquired what relation he bore to the investigation and I was told that he was an employe of the railway companies to resist the proposed law. I do not know whether the other senators saw him or not, for their faces were turned toward me and therefore away from him; but I do know that you saw him; first, because he was so close to you that you could not turn your head without seeing him; second, because you were in conversation with him a part of the time; third, because I saw him, with his hand on your shoulder, pass to you questions which you read and then put to me. There can be no mistake about it, for my senses were as alert just then as human faculties can be.

"You may believe that an investigation carried on in this manner is in accordance with fairness and decency. I do not. You may continue in your belief, if you like, but I shall continue in my denunciation.

"It appears to me that if you propose to assail all persons and papers and magazines that have admitted your loyalty to the railroads and questioned your fidelity to the people you should give some attention to the attacks that come from points nearer Washington than Iowa.

Stands for Railroads.

"The truth is, senator, that you have fairly established the reputation of standing for the railroads in the United States senate. It is most unfortunate that any senator should acquire such a reputation among the people of the country. It is in the highest degree important that the body of which you are a member shall enjoy the fullest public confidence. The gravest problems which confront us are those which relate to the regulation and restriction of corporate power. These problems will not be successfully solved by those whose lives have been so molded by corporate thought and by corporate influence that they instinctively turn to corporation officials and managers for information and guidance. It is with profound regret that I have condemned your course, but my regret disappears and another feeling takes its place when I observe that you are not only persisting in your indefensible attitude, but are endeavoring to reach over a thousand miles of space and advise the Republican voters of Iowa how to elect a governor. The burden is too heavy for you; you can not lift it. The task is too great for you; you can not accomplish it."

FIRE LOSS $300,000.

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C., March 25.—A fire which started in the Frank Thornton Drygoods company stores last night in the center of the city, destroyed eleven buildings. Loss, $300,000. No one was killed, but several persons were injured.

CHURCH ANNIVERSARY.

ROME, March 25.—The American church of St. Paul was crowded today on the occasion of the thirtieth anniversary of its consecration. Bishop H. C. Potter, who read the service, preached.

PREACHER KILLED WHILE IN PULPIT.

PASTOR OF LATTER DAY SAINTS CHURCH OF CARSON, IOWA, STRUCK BY LIGHTNING.

CARSON, Iowa, March 25.—While preaching to his congregation today, Rev. J. B. Lentz, pastor of the Latter Day Saints church at this place, was struck by lightning, which caused his death within half an hour. A boy deceased during a hard thunder storm and was communicated to the congregation by a chandelier hanging directly above his head. The shock threw the entire flock into an unconscious state, some many persons in the congregation were partially stunned. After prayers every one fled from the building. Lentz was carried out, but failed to regain consciousness. The church took fire but was saved. Lentz leaves a wife and two children.

AMERICAN TRACT SOCIETY MEETS

ANNUAL REPORT OF SECRETARY SHOWS LARGE AMOUNT OF WORK ACCOMPLISHED DURING YEAR.

WASHINGTON, March 25.—The Washington meeting of the American Tract society was held tonight in the Luther Place Memorial church. Justice Brewer of the supreme court of the United States, honorary vice president, presided. General C. O. Howard, president of the society, delivered the address and Rev. Judson Swift, field secretary at New York, made a report.

General Howard dwelt on the "great and good work" accomplished by the tract society. He referred to "those who at present are clamoring for the United States to give up the Philippines" and said:

"We cannot do so rash a thing until we have accomplished for those islands what Providence has intended us to do, namely, Christianize them."

Secretary Swift stated that the annual report showed 106 publications added to the society's list during the year, including English, Polish, Spanish, Italian, German, Bohemian, Hungarian, Benga, Gilbert Islands, Portuguese, Bulu, Croation, Russian, Ruthenian and Umbundu, and the total number of languages and dialects in which the society had published was now 183. He said the periodical circulation for the year was 24,000,000, making the grand total of volumes, periodicals and tracts since the organization of the society 734,956,245. The secretary's report declared that the question of the hour was the immigrant problem, upward of 1,100,000 immigrants having arrived in the United States during the year 1905.

The distinct publications at foreign mission stations has reached a total of 5,243, and the total grants of cash and electrotypes amount to $613,847.

"Not less than $1,000,000 is now required to furnish the literature needed. The donations should be greatly increased to enable the society to perform the work waiting for accomplishment. An earnest appeal is made to both evangelical churches and individuals for larger contributions."

FORECAST OF WEEK'S NEWS

CONGRESS TO BE BUSY WITH RATE QUESTION AND APPROPRIATIONS.

ALL EYES ON ALGECIRAS CONFERENCE AND COAL SITUATION—CHAMPIONSHIP BILLIARD MATCH.

The railroad rate bill will continue this week to absorb the attention of the United States senate. There are several senators who still expect to deliver speeches on the bill, but none of them has indicated his readiness to proceed on Monday, so that it is impossible to give the names of the prospective orators. Senator Tillman says, however, that he has no doubt that some one will be prepared to proceed when the bill is taken up. He admits that there is a tendency in the debate to lag, but attributes it to the necessity for much preparation in discussing the question. He still insists that as soon as it becomes evident that the debate is exhausted he will press the bill to a vote. Should there be an agreement on the consular reorganization bill, Senator Lodge will probably call up the conference report during the week and some debate on it is probable. The Indian

(Continued on Page 2)

ORIGINAL MANUSCRIPTS DISCOVERED.

NEW YORK, March 25.—A score of original manuscripts of famous works of Nathaniel Hawthorne were damaged by a fire which destroyed the home of his son, Julian Hawthorne, in Yonkers, today. Several of the manuscripts were destroyed and others were badly damaged. Among the manuscripts damaged were those of "The Scarlet Letter" and "Twice Told Tales."

NEW CRISIS IN RUSSIA

NATIONAL PARLIAMENT LIKELY TO PRECIPITATE SERIOUS TROUBLE.

GOVERNMENT MAY BE FORCED TO ABANDON ITS REFORM POLICY ARMED REVOLUTION Iimprobable.

ST. PETERSBURG, March 25.—The Associated Press is able to give the substance of an important conversation with a high personage regarding the situation in Russia. Neither the name nor the position of this personage can be indicated, but his intimacy with the emperor is such that he can speak upon the situation with a knowledge vouched for.

The conversation which covered a wide range left the distinct impression that the assembling of the national parliament would bring a crisis but not the one anticipated abroad. The government evidently is absolutely convinced that an armed revolution or a general uprising which would make its life is no longer possible and that the danger is not that the government would be overthrown, but that it will be driven to abandon its path of reform.

Guerilla Warfare Will Fail.

"The guerilla warfare which the revolutionaries at present are conducting," said the personage referred to, "can not succeed. Acts of terrorism doubtless will continue; vengeance may be wreaked upon governors general and police masters. Count Witte, the premier, and Minister of the Interior Durnovo may be assassinated, banks and buildings may be blown up, and there may be riots here and there, but a widespread rising or a repetition of the railroad strike is doomed to failure. The government has a firm grip, and every measure to prevent excesses will be taken.

"Besides, the situation has been completely altered since last fall, when the urban population joined the protest which led the emperor to grant the manifesto of October 30. The government was then unable to cope with the revolutionists. Since then all is changed. The reservists have been discharged and the recruits have been drilled and joined the ranks. Two army corps have returned from Manchuria and more regulars are arriving daily.

The Army Is Faithful.

"No matter what is said to the contrary, it is certain that the army is faithful to the emperor. There may be individual case of disloyalty, but the reliability of the army as a whole is unquestionable. The weight of troops along the frontiers renders a revolution impossible.

"Should there be agrarian disorders in the summer they will not be revolutionary in character, for the peasants of Russia are true to the emperor. The danger lies in another direction.

"It is not a question of the fault of the government, but of whether reform or reaction will prevail—whether the present struggle to supplant the old regime and secure larger liberties for the people will enter the parliament phase or a counter revolution will sweep away the entire program on which the government has entered. The emperor is sincerely and honestly desirous of meeting the wishes of his people and has given them his word to this effect. But a reactionary party exists. It is composed of the aristocracy with a powerful backing in high places and above all it enjoys the support of the military faction which, in a country like Russia, is an immediate factor. The military is naturally reactionary. An officer prefers to serve a Napoleon rather than a politician. After 30 years as a republic, a strong royalist faction still exists in the French army.

Reactionary Party Weak.

"Nevertheless, at the present moment the reactionary party is weak and powerless. It lacks public confidence. It is easily conceivable, however, that the situation might suddenly change should an opportunity to strike home come. Should the parliament attempt to take the bull by the horns for the deposition of the emperor and the destruction of the whole fabric of government, the new regime might be overwhelmed with disaster. A large element of the population, especially the masses who had no share in the revolution and who reverence the emperor as a God-given ruler, might be aroused to action by the reactionaries, and the emperor, seeing the revolutionaries on one side attempting to go too far and in face of what seemed to be a popular demand for the restoration of the old regime, might—I will not say he would—yield to what he considered the wish of his subjects."

Might Bring Catastrophe.

"What would especially be deemed an act on the part of the parliament threatening such a catastrophe,—a demand for the convocation of a constituent assembly?" was asked.

"Certainly, that would be an equivalent to an attempt to refer the form of government to the decision of the people. It would not be tolerated but it probably would result instantly in a summons to the guard regiments to disperse the parliament with bayonets.

"However, it is not necessary to take a pessimistic view of the parliament. No one can predict what its attitude will be.

"The charges that the government is interfering with the elections are untrue. The present indications are that the parliament will be conservative and it might, instead of raising a clamor for the overthrow of the government, set seriously to work to solve the great and pressing questions on which the future depends. The absten-

(Continued on Page 2)

PRETENDER'S AND SULTAN'S TROOPS FIGHTING BRISKLY

FORT SAY, Morocco, March 25.—A battle is progressing in the vicinity of Kabelala. The pretender's troops and artillery are firing briskly on the sultan's cavalry, which is operating with infantry in the broken country along the banks of the Mazagan [illegible]

TWO MEN ASPHYXIATED

Colorado Midland Workmen Succumb to Gas in Tunnel.

LEADVILLE, Colo., March 25.—W. G. Fleming, aged [illegible], a bridge carpenter of the Colorado Midland, and Nicholas Dionoz, [illegible] and track walker, were asphyxiated this morning in the Black Ivanhoe tunnel, 14 miles west of here.

Fleming was one of the gang of six carpenters engaged in making repairs in the tunnel, and the entire party, with the exception of two men, were overcome by the fumes from a passing freight train. The men made his way to the portal of the tunnel at Malloe, where he notified the section boss and a rescue party entered the tunnel. They found five men unconscious and Fleming breathed his last while being removed. Just before the rescue party reached Busk they stumbled over another body, which proved to be that of the track walker, Nicholas Dionoz. The remainder of the party were taken to Busk and after physicians had worked over them for several hours, they revived.

FREIGHT STEAMER'S CARGO IS BURNING

ST. JOHNS, N. F., March 25.—After being in peril from fire at sea and managing by desperate efforts to reach this port in the midst of a gale and blinding snow storm, the British freight steamer Tilian struck a submerged rock in entering the harbor late last night, had a hole torn in her hull and today lies fast on the beach, where she was put to prevent sinking. The fire in the hold is still burning fiercely. The Tilian is in no serious danger, but it is probable that before the fire can be extinguished the hold will have to be flooded. It is believed that the greater portion of the cargo has either been burned or ruined by water.

FOUR GENERATIONS REPRESENTED AT WEDDING.

SAN FRANCISCO, March 25.—An unusual feature of a wedding yesterday was the presence at the ceremony of the daughter, granddaughter and great-granddaughter of the bride. The marriage was that of John W. Winspanley, aged 85 years, formerly of Mayfield, Kansas, and Mrs. Maria Brewer, aged 75 years, of Irvington, Alameda county, California. The bride is a comparatively wealthy woman. The marriage today was the sequel to an earlier romance.

OPERATOR LIVELY IS WILLING TO TESTIFY.

PUEBLO, Colo., March 25.—A special from Canon City says:

T. M. Lively, brother of the unfortunate Adobe operator, in an interview tonight, says:

"My brother is in Mumfordsville, Ky., with his mother. I have had a letter from him and he is ready to come back any time he is needed and tell his story." The statement of a prominent railroad official in a Denver paper to the effect that foresight on my brother's part might have prevented the wreck is not true. After No. 3 had passed there was no way in the world to flag either of the trains and prevent the collision."

STRIKE FIGHT DECIDED ON

LENS, France, March 25.—The miners' congress today decided upon a referendum March 28 on the question of the acceptance or rejection of the terms offered the striking miners by the operators. An enormous demonstration followed the announcement of the referendum.

SWACKHAMMER DIES.

BAINBRIDGE, Ga., March 25.—Colonel H. H. Shackleford, better known as "Hal Standish," under which nom de plume he wrote "Old Sleuth" and other well-known detective stories, died here this morning, aged 65.

DETAILS OF RECENT FIGHT

CONFLICT WITH PULAJANES RESULT OF BASE TREACHERY.

GOVERNOR CURRY IS STILL MISSING AND IS BELIEVED TO BE HIDING IN JUNGLES.

MANILA, March 25.—According to advices received today by the Associated Press at Magtaon, Samar, the recent fight between the constabulary and Pulajanes was the result of base treachery on the part of the natives. As a result of the fight, 30 of the natives were killed and 18 of the constabulary killed and wounded.

A dispatch received from Captain Jones of the constabulary at Magtaon, says that on March 23, Governor Curry, Judge Lobenge and Superintendent of Schools Hoover arrived there and camped over night near the Pulajanes. The presence of the officials was made known to the rebellious natives and their leader announced that he would surrender his force the next day. As a result of this promise the Americans returned to the town accompanied by Colonel Aguilar, another Pulajane chief. The next day (Saturday) four chiefs of the Pulajanes with over 100 men and 14 guns, appeared at Magtaon and lined up in front of the constabulary barracks. Between the barracks and the Pulajanes stood the group of American officials. One of the chiefs expressed a wish that his party be photographed in the act of surrendering, and Superintendent Hoover in compliance with the request was adjusting his camera when the Pulajane leader blew a whistle and gave an order to advance. The entire party of natives thereupon rushed on the American officers, who escaped to the Magtaon river and swam to the opposite bank. When the treachery of the natives was apparent, the constabulary immediately opened fire and a fierce fight ensued in which the constabulary gained a decisive victory. The Pulajanes were chased to the mountains but the pursuers lost more guns than they captured.

The American officials were later found with the exception of Governor Curry. He was last seen being chased by Pulajanes and is now believed to be hiding in the dense brush in that locality. Four hundred constabulary are now on the trail of the fugitive natives and searching for Governor Curry.

WAR ON ILLEGAL "MEDICAL" DIVES

POSTOFFICE DEPARTMENT REFUSES TO DELIVER MAIL TO 52 CONCERNS APPERTAINING COMMITTEE.

WASHINGTON, March 25.—Orders have been issued by the postmaster general instructing the postmasters at New York and Brooklyn to refuse to admit to the mails the advertisements of fifty-two illegal "medical offices" located in those cities, and also to refuse to deliver mail matter addressed to the fictitious and assumed names under which parties conducting these concerns hide their identity.

This action at New York and Brooklyn is in line with the efforts previously made by Postmaster General Cortelyou in Boston and Philadelphia to enforce the law against this class of criminal concerns. A statement given out at the postoffice department today says:

"The condition of affairs which has developed under the department's investigations in all of these cities has been appalling. It was found that in a large number of instances those engaged in conducting these offices have criminal records and are 'dope fiends.' In Boston one of the concerns excluded by the department from the mails was supposed to have been the office at which was performed the fatal operation upon the young woman, Susan Geary, the suit case murder victim. One of the 'doctors' whom the department found identified with several of these "offices" in Boston was also connected with the Susan Geary case. The number of deaths that have been caused in these offices will never be known.

"The volume of business done by these concerns was large. It was said as high as twenty criminal operations a day were performed in some of these offices and that the income sometimes ranged as high as $2,000 a week."

THOUSANDS ARE STARVING; STRAW AND WEEDS AS FOOD

TOKIO, March 25.—The misery and suffering in the famine district has been slightly relieved by the prompt and liberal aid of the foreign sources and the abatement of the rigors of winter. The local authorities are trying to provide work for the able bodied but the extent of the work is inadequate and thousands are still on the verge of starvation.

Many parents are parting with their children, sending them to the already crowded Okayama orphanage. Several children arrived yesterday at the Uyeno railway station in this city. Among them was a girl of six years of age, who was found treasuring a package of dirty old newspapers. On examination the package was found to contain a postal card with the address of the parents of the child, who had been told to mail the card upon her arrival at her destination.

The severity of the suffering undergone by the children is clearly depicted in the faces of those who are compelled to part from their homes, where the food consists of flour mixed with straw and weeds. The mixtures, beaten fine, forming a pastry which contains only 25 per cent actual food value.

The government has remitted the local tax in the famine district, but this will not afford immediate relief. The liberal contributions from American sympathizers are already effective and the relief in the form of food and clothing is commanding the heartiest appreciation.

Another appeal for aid is presented by the sufferers from the recent earthquake in south Formosa, thousands of whom are homeless. The local government is busy providing food, caring for the injured and recovering and removing corpses, several hundreds of which are buried under the debris.

TRADE WITH CANADA IN 1905 AGGREGATED $202,999,213

WASHINGTON, March 25.—Trade of the United States with Canada in the fiscal year 1905 aggregated $202,999,213, against $89,429,606 in 1895, according to a bulletin issued by the department of commerce and labor. It shows that in the twenty years from 1875 to 1895, our trade with Canada increased $27,000,000 and from 1895 to 1905 it increased $114,000,000. The larger portion of this growth has been on the export side. The imports increased from $27,867,615 in 1875 to $62,469,632 in 1905, and exports advanced from $34,547,219 in 1875 to $140,529,581 in 1905.

"This rapid growth in trade relations with Canada," says the bulletin, "is especially interesting in view of the varying conditions to which commerce with Canada has been subjected. During the period from 1855 to 1866 a reciprocity treaty was in force between Canada and the United States, but in the latter year it was terminated, so that commerce between the two countries was unaffected by special trade agreements until April, 1897, when the United States was placed at a slight disadvantage as compared with the United Kingdom products from that country entering the Dominion of Canada being admitted by special arrangement at a reduction of 12 1-2 per cent on the tariff levied on imports from other countries. On August 1, 1898, the reduction in favor of British products was increased to 25 per cent and on July 1, 1900, was still further increased to 33 1-3 per cent. Despite the advantages in favor of goods entering Canada from the United Kingdom, exports to Canada from that country grew from $29,743,212 in 1897 to $59,606,556 in 1904, while exports to Canada from the United States grew from $64,929,825 in 1897 to $140,529,581 in 1905. The percentage of imports into Canada from the United States in 1897 was 11.4 and from the United Kingdom [illegible]

NewspaperARCHIVE®

WE'VE CAMPED ON THE TRAIL

Of the newest Spring Clothing. A Spring Greeting:

And with it a renewed welcome to our store. We are pleased to show you our new Spring styles in Men's and Boys' double and single-breasted Suits; also a complete line of Top Coats in all shades.

New Hat for Easter?

WHEN!

You'll find the best-looking heads in town wearing our Hats on Easter Sunday.

Best Hat that your money can buy—that's here also.

Hats at $1.50 up.

Our guaranteed May Hat. $2.50, $3.00, $3.50.

COMPANY
23 North Tejon St.

Hot Air
Hot Water
Steam

We don't care how you heat your house, but GOOD COAL will give better results than POOR COAL in any kind of heater.

THE Colorado Springs FUEL CO.

112 Pike's Peak Ave.
Phones 230-213.

SAYS HE TOOK PART IN A TRAIN ROBBERY.

LIMA, Ohio, March 25.—Yard Conductor H. A. Sloan, of the Pennsylvania railroad, walked into the police station here today and asked to be locked up. He stated that in November, 1897, he and two other men held up and robbed an express train of $80,000 at Galena, Ill., on the Chicago and Northwestern railroad. Sloan was held and inquiry has been made concerning his story. He is believed to be mentally unbalanced.

CHICAGO, March 25.—The only robbery occurring on the Chicago and Northwestern near Galena, according to officials of the road, was that of the Tower robbery near Dekalb, 40 miles from Galena. That robbery occurred in 1899 and netted the robbers in the neighborhood of $40,000.

Headaches and Neuralgia from Colds

Laxative Bromo Quinine, the world-wide Cold and Grip remedy removes the cause. Call for the full name and look for signature of E. W. Grove. 25c.

BALL PLAYER DIES.

CHESTER, Pa., March 25.—Joseph Cassidy, shortstop of the Washington league baseball club, died at his home in this city today.

A GUARANTEED CURE FOR PILES

Itching, Blind, Bleeding, Protruding Piles. Druggists authorized to refund money if PAZO OINTMENT fails to cure in 6 to 14 days. 50c.

CONSTIPATION

Is Nature's warning that some part of the system is out of order. Immediate attention saves many serious affections. Don't neglect nature's call for help until the whole system is shattered.

NATURE'S HELPMATE
HESU-THOS
RESTORATIVE

assists nature and immediately relieves. If taken with meals it entirely removes the cause, and permanently cures constipation, sick headache, dyspepsia, torpid liver, and gives a healthy natural appetite. Trial package, 15 cents. Regular sizes, 50 cents and $1.00. At all druggists.

HESU-THOS CHEMICAL CO.
Mfg. Chs., Denver, Colo.

REFORM IS CONDEMNED

GERMAN AND BOHEMIAN SOCIETIES OF CHICAGO SCORE DUNNE.

WANT "WIDE OPEN" CITY AND DEMAND SPECIAL BAR PERMITS FOR DANCE HALLS.

CHICAGO, March 25.—Resolutions demanding the city council to authorize the mayor to issue special bar permits for dance halls and that the state legislature grant complete home rule in regard to amusements were passed by 10,000 representatives of German and Bohemian societies gathered in mass meeting here this afternoon. Outside the first regiment armory, where the meeting occurred, was an overflow meeting attended by 20,000 people. In marching order more than 200 societies of Germans, Swedes, Norwegians and Poles paraded in Michigan avenue with flags and numerous uniformed bands.

The speakers who addressed the meeting scored the reformers, the mayor and the state's attorney, whom they held responsible for the revocation of their permits. The demonstration began early in the day, each section of the city contributing its quota of men, women and children, forming the various divisions which poured into the central loop district and proceeded in a struggling mass to the rendezvous in Michigan avenue. Street cars were impeded in their movement and traffic in Michigan avenue was completely interrupted for several hours. The drivers of automobiles who tried in several instances to force their way through the crowd were roughly handled and made to turn back. Men prominent in the affairs of the city, including a number of aldermen, occupied seats on the platform in the armory when the meeting was called to order.

Samuel Alschuelter, former candidate for governor of Illinois on the Democratic ticket, was one of the speakers. He declared that the societies stood for the enforcement of the law which does not destroy the liberty of those not engaged in a violation of the law.

Former Congressman E. T. Noonan declared that the revocation of the bar permits was an invasion of constitutional rights. Other speakers of local prominence followed and the meeting closed with the adoption of resolutions protesting against all attempts to deprive members of the right to enjoy themselves in their own way and demanding that the city council amend the dram shop licenses so as to allow the mayor to issue temporary permits for the sale of liquors to societies of a lawful character and calling upon the legislature to amend the laws so that the cities and towns of the state shall be self-governing in the matter of amusements and recreations.

FORECAST OF WEEK'S NEWS

(Continued from Page 1.)

appropriation bill will be reported Tuesday, and Senator Clapp will take it up if there should be a lull in debate on rates.

In the House.

Appropriating money will be the chief occupation of the house this week. The legislative appropriation bill, which had a rocky road with the rules of the house as an obstruction last week, is not finished by half. Mr. Littauer, in charge of the bill, estimates that it will require three days to complete the measure. Monday, under the rules, is District of Columbia day. Of the features of the legislation which will cause comment, it is predicted that a criticism of the bureau of corporations will be the chief topic. In view of the recent decision in Chicago, some members regard as a curtailment of the usefulness of this bureau. The provision for the mints of the country always provokes discussion and there are items relating to the postal service in the bill also liable to cause talk. War claims have the right of way on Friday by special agreement.

Bonynge on Guard.

Of interest outside of the floor proceedings will be the meetings of the statehood conferences. Efforts are being made to bring the ship subsidy bill within the horizon of legislative action, and Mr. Bonynge of Colorado, is watching closely for an opportunity to complete the pending consideration of the bill, making a national system of naturalization.

The session of the Algeciras conference which will take place today will mark the beginning of the tenth week of the deliberations. The committee on reform has drawn up a project for police without mentioning the division of the ports, and this will form a basis for discussion in today's session.

The Coal Situation.

It would seem that this week should decide the question of a coal strike. The joint committee will meet this week when a motion to report a disagreement will be offered with a probability that it will be carried. The point which the operators are anxious to settle is, will President Mitchell and the officers of the United Mine Workers permit men to go to work in districts where an advance is allowed while other miners are on strike. So far their efforts to settle this point have been in vain. It is expected that President Mitchell will come to New York the latter part of this week to confer again with the anthracite committee.

On March 27 there will be held in New York the first championship billiard match since 1901. Willie Hoppe, who recently won the title from Maurice Vignaux in Paris, will play George Sloason a 500-point game, 18-inch balk line, one shot in. The wonderful playing of young Hoppe and the fact that his challenger is an old and seasoned player, will add to the interest in the match.

The National Civic federation will meet in New York today when the election of officers will take place.

Today

In the

Men's Section

Regular 50c and 75c neckwear; all spring goods—four-in-hands, teeks and ascots, your choice.... 39c

Showing all that is new in Men's Hats for spring, saving from $1 to $2, at

$2, $2½ and $3

Shoufman's

NEW CRISIS IN RUSSIA

(Continued from Page 1.)

tion of the extreme elements from voting may affect the parliament and its authority to speak in the name of the whole people. But it is clear that the element that is abstaining from voting is purely revolutionary. It is unwilling to advance gradually in the path of reforms, refuses all compromises and is determined to overthrow everything, society as well as the government, and establish a reign of socialism.

Harsh Measures Necessary.

"It was against this that the government was forced to proceed energetically. The alternative was either that or abdication. Harsh measures were used and perhaps there was much injustice, but the movement had to be stopped. No government while it continued to stand could fold its arms in the presence of a conspiracy against its life. The stories that from 70,000 to 100,000 persons have been imprisoned are exaggerated, and I believe it might safely be affirmed that the number will not exceed 30,000.

Jews Are Criticised.

"Recent developments have undoubtedly prejudiced the position of the Jews. The emperor wanted to see justice done and the public sympathized with their demand for equality before the law; but unhappily, the attitude of the Jews since the emperor's manifesto has alienated much of the sympathy for them. It is undeniable that they have been guilty of excesses everywhere, that they were on the firing line in the revolution and no longer contented themselves by asking for equality with the Russians, but insisted on the downfall of the government. This has provoked hostile sentiment among the Russians. Had the Jews concentrated less in the city, a condition for which they were not responsible, it is true, they might not have been so prominent. As it is, the Russian masses who believe that they want to overthrow the emperor are easily incited against them and reports of attempts to inspire massacres during the Easterlide unfortunately are true. Count Witte, however, has stood like a stone wall against this. His steadfast friendship for the Jews has subjected him to constant attacks. His enemies have accused him of being a Jew, etc. When he discovered the anti-Semetic agitation he came to the front and nipped it in the bud; and he is now issuing daily telegraphic instructions wherever there is the slightest indication of Jew baiting."

The Peasant Problem.

"The most important question and the one on which the future of the country and its prosperity depends, is the adoption of some method for satisfying the land hunger of the peasants, who comprise 80 per cent of Russia's immense population. Many projects have been submitted to the government and Premier Witte has a mass of information on the subject, but instead of presenting a project the government would prefer to leave a solution of the question if possible to parliament."

In conclusion, in speaking of the health of the premier, the Associated Press was given to understand that Count Witte was almost on the verge of a breakdown. He has been under constant strain since the Portsmouth conference and the personage quoted above said he knew Count Witte personally would have been glad to relinquish his difficult and thankless post long ago, but that he had stuck to his desk, sometimes when so ill that a man of less will power would have taken to his bed, as he had determined if possible to help the emperor and country through the crisis.

ARCHBISHOP IRELAND HAS NOT REACHED ROME

ROME, March 25.—Archbishop Ireland of St. Paul had been expected to reach Rome tonight, but did not arrive. A delegation was at the station to welcome him.

USE ALLEN'S FOOT-EASE,

A powder to be shaken into the shoes. Your feet feel swollen, painful and tender, and get tired easily. If you have aching feet, try Allen's Foot-Ease. It rests the feet and makes new or tight shoes easy. Cures aching, swollen, sweating feet, blisters and callous spots. Relieves Chilblains, corns and bunions of all pain and gives rest and comfort. Try it to-day. Sold by all Druggists and Shoe Stores, 25c. Don't accept any substitute. Trial pkge. FREE. Address, Allen S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y.

VICTIMIZE THE BEREAVED

Police Investigate Alleged Swindling of Relatives of the Dead.

The police of this city and Denver are investigating complaints against Lofter and company, a concern with offices in rooms 17 and 18 Cass and Graham block, Sixteenth and Curtis streets, Denver.

The company claims to do a mail order business, but the similarity of the name with that of Loftus and company, diamond dealers, of Chicago, together with other facts, has aroused the suspicions of the police.

It is alleged that immediately after the death of a resident in a community a package is expressed C. O. D. to the name and address of the deceased. An unsuspecting relative or close friend secures the package after paying the C. O. D. charges under the belief that the package is something ordered by the deceased. When the package is opened it is found to contain some cheap article of jewelry worth but a fraction of the amount paid for it.

Four such packages are said to be at the express offices in this city consigned to persons who have recently died. One is addressed to Joseph Stewart and another to Mrs. Hannah Johnson.

The matter was taken up at the instigation of Police Captain S. S. Stewart of the local department, and will receive a thorough investigation.

FRENCH MONOLOGUE

Miss Marie Shedlock Will Recite in Palmer Hall Today.

Miss Marie Shedlock, of London, lecturer, and story teller, will recite a French monologue in Palmer hall this afternoon at 4 o'clock. Miss Shedlock gave an interesting lecture before a large audience in Perkins auditorium Saturday afternoon on "The Life and Works of Hans Christian Andersen." Miss Shedlock attributed Andersen's success to the fact that he remained a child all his life. "He was able to retain the child's point of view and yet grasp the most deeply hidden meaning of life," said Miss Shedlock.

MISSIONARY LECTURES

Series of Addresses Being Given by the Rev. Mr. Dodge.

The Rev. Charles E. Dodge of Wakefield, Mass., a missionary on his way to China, addressed the Men's meeting at the Y. M. C. A. yesterday, speaking on the subject of "Revealed Religion; or, God Made Known."

The Rev. Mr. Dodge will conduct meetings at the Y. M. C. A. auditorium on Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday of this week. The meetings which are for men and women, will begin Monday evening at 7:30 o'clock, and on Tuesday and Wednesday will be held in the afternoon at 3 o'clock, and in the evening at 7:30 o'clock. His subject this evening will be "Eternal Life; or, Man's Nature, Fall and Destiny."

INJURED IN SNOWSLIDE

Son of Police Sergeant Bennett Hurt in Silverton.

Police Sergeant D. H. Bennett received a telegram from Silverton, Colo., last evening informing him that his eldest son, Harvey E. Bennett, a miner employed on a mine near Silverton, had been caught in a snowslide and injured. The young man is 25 years old. At the time the slide occurred the young man was in his boarding house and escaped by crawling through the transom. The dispatch did not state the extent of his injuries.

ELKS TO GIVE DANCE.

The regular monthly dance of Colorado Springs lodge No. 309, B. P. O. E., will be held in the club house Thursday evening. Arrangements for the dance are in charge of Chester Horn.

M'CARTHY EXPLAINS

Says His Reference to "Two Flags" Was Misconstrued.

RICHMOND, Va., March 25.—With reference to his recent remarks in a public speech here that he "recognized but two flags, the flag of Virginia and the battle flag of the Confederacy," Mayor McCarthy has given to the press a statement which is in part as follows:

"I have seen the victim of numerous postal cards and letters and newspaper clippings since I dropped a passing remark about flags in the midst of a speech which would make a column of two."

The mayor here criticised the stenographer's report of his speech and continued:

"The association which I addressed was the Southern Ice exchange. Everybody talked about the desirability of building industries, the manufacturers, the enterprises and the business of the south and Virginia and probably what I meant by saying 'I recognize but two flags' was one way of saying my interest and my devotion were indissolubly associated with my state and the south.

"I had the honor of making the acquaintance of the star spangled banner before many of my critics were old enough to recognize it if they met it in the streets, and I would like to relieve these anxious people by informing them that I am not in need of any missionary work whatever. I had the pleasure a few months ago of giving an order for 15,000 star spangled banners and the further pleasure of suggesting that these be put in the hands of 12,000 school children of Richmond, that they might greet the president with the rustle and color and sentiment of countless waving emblems of the greatness and beneficence of our country. I freely intertwine in my office the star spangled banner and the battle flag of the Confederacy and thus make known my affection and devotion to one and my respect and regard for the other."

ROOMMATE FOUND HIM UNCONSCIOUS

HOWARD PIPHER IS SUDDENLY STRICKEN AND IS IN VERY CRITICAL CONDITION AT HOSPITAL.

Howard Pipher, 28 years old, a foreman in the employ of the Colorado Telephone company, was found unconscious of pneumonia fever in his room at the Spaulding house Saturday evening by his roommate, William Johnson, and was removed to St. Francis hospital after two physicians had worked over him more than three hours in an effort to restore consciousness.

Pipher went to the theater with some companions Saturday evening, and returned to the hotel about 11 o'clock. Leaving Johnson in the lobby of the hotel, Pipher declared that as he was tired he would go to bed. When Johnson went to the room a few minutes later, he found Pipher lying on the bed unconscious.

Johnson summoned Doctors Houston and Lewis who, after working over the man until 3:30 o'clock, decided that it would be best to take him to the hospital. At the hospital the doctors worked over him until 7 o'clock yesterday morning, when he was aroused to partial consciousness. At the hospital last evening it was said that Pipher was in a critical condition and was still in a stupor.

$150,000 IN REAL ESTATE

Dr. W. A. Bell Increases Denver Holdings to Half a Million.

Dr. William A. Bell last week invested $150,000 in Denver real estate. A deal was closed Saturday by which he paid the Jerome S. Richie investment company $100,000 for the Waldorf block, corner Eighteenth and Stout streets, and last Thursday he bought property at Fourteenth and Tremont streets from Mr. Richie for $50,000. Dr. Bell now has $500,000 invested in Denver realty.

LENTEN ORGAN RECITAL

Fourth of Series by C. D. Sears to Be Given Wednesday.

Clarence D. Sears will give the fourth of the Lenten series of organ recitals at Grace Episcopal church Wednesday afternoon at 4:30 o'clock. He will be assisted by Mrs. Edward E. Talliaferro, who will sing Casta's "I Will Extol Thee, O Lord." Mr. Sears will play the following numbers: "St. Anne" Bach, "Fugue; "Toccatta," Dubois; "Prelude to Lohengrin," Wagner, "Overture to Stradella," Flotow; "Berceuse," Delbruck; "Offertory on Two Christmas Hymns," Guilmant. The recital will be free to the public.

RELIC OF PHILIPPINES

Trooper Roy Adams Adds Bolo to Grimes' Collection.

There has been added to the unique collection of relics in the sheriff's office a very fine bolo or Philippine dagger that was captured by Trooper Roy Adams, Troop A, First cavalry, under Colonel A. B. Wells, during an attack on San Felice, about 30 miles north of Manila, in September, 1901. The bolo was found upon the body of a Filipino friar who was fighting with the insurgent soldiers during the engagement and who had been killed by an American bullet. The weapon is about eighteen inches in length with a razor edge on both sides and the end is ground to a needle-like point.

GRAND LARCENY CHARGE

Irvin Easter Was Riding Wheel That Had Been Stolen.

Grand larceny is charged against Irvin Easter, who was arrested by Police Officer Draper about 10:30 o'clock yesterday morning at the Mining Exchange building.

L. P. Muse, a messenger employed by the Colorado Title and Trust company, was the owner of a high grade "National" bicycle and last Thursday he left the machine standing in front of the offices of the trust company. The bicycle was stolen and yesterday he recognized it in the possession of Easter, and so informed the officer. Muse will swear to a complaint before a justice of the peace today.

SPRINGS PEOPLE HEARD A CELEBRATED TENOR

Those who were so fortunate as to secure a bid to the musicale given by E. E. Carrington at his home, 222 East Dale street, Sunday evening, were afforded a musical treat.

Mr. Carrington had as his guest Ben Davies, of London, the celebrated tenor who is looked upon in England as the successor to Edward Lloyd. Mr. Davies sang Schubert's "Hark, Hark, the Lark," and "Who Is Sylvia?" Handel's "Comfort Ye My People," and "Every Valley Shall Be Exalted," "Songs of Araby," by Clay, and a "Welsh Serenade." Mr. Davies left here last night for Chicago.

WITH THE POLICE.

John Hass was taken into custody at 1:15 o'clock yesterday afternoon by Police Officer Railsback for being intoxicated and creating a disturbance at the corner of Weber and Dale streets.

William B. Marshall and William Henry will face Judge Toombs this morning to answer to a charge of being intoxicated.

Vagrancy is charged against Bateman, William Holloran and William Jones.

KID GLOVES CLEANED

Four Pairs

Long Kid Gloves 10c

and cleaned perfectly—not rubbed with a little gasoline, smeared with a tincture of soap and then powdered, to later rub off on the clothing, but

Cleaned Perfectly and Without Odor

We've just installed a high priced ingenious piece of machinery that does not rub or wear the finest kid, but leaves them soft and bright as new.

GET YOUR GLOVES CLEANED CHEAPER.
GET YOUR GLOVES CLEANED BETTER.

LOUIS STOCK Dyer and Cleaner 13 E. Kiowa Phone 542A

Full Dress and Tuxedos

ARE ONE OF OUR SPECIALTIES.

35 to 75 Dollars.

Newcomb & Holland,

makers of the kind of clothes gentlemenwear.
103 E. Pike's Peak Ave.

Weekly Calendar of Lodge Meetings

Knights of Pythias.

Sublime lodge No. 123, K. P., this evening.

Syracuse lodge No. 111, K. P., Thursday evening.

Myrtle lodge No. 34, K. P., Wednesday evening.

Pike's Peak company No. 10, U. R., K. P., this evening.

H. C. Casner company No. 2, U. R., K. P., Tuesday evening.

Sublime temple No. 53, Rathbone Sisters, Tuesday afternoon.

Hermione temple No. 1, Rathbone Sisters, Wednesday afternoon.

Masons.

Tejon lodge No. 104, A. F. & A. M., this evening.

Colorado Springs chapter No. 6, R. A. M., Tuesday evening.

Ancient and Accepted Scottish Rite association, Wednesday evening.

Odd Fellows.

Pike's Peak lodge No. 38, I. O. O. F., Thursday evening.

Colorado Springs lodge No. 140, I. O. O. F., Wednesday evening.

Canton Colfax No. 2, P. M., I. O. O. F., Tuesday evening.

Brotherhood of American Yeomen.

Columbine homestead No. 141, Brotherhood of American Yeomen, Friday evening.

Knights of Columbus.

Colorado Springs council No. 582, Knights of Columbus, Tuesday evening.

Modern Woodmen of America.

Colorado Springs camp No. 7226, Modern Woodmen of America, Wednesday evening.

Women of the World.

Pike's Peak camp No. 5, W. O. W., Tuesday evening.

El Paso circle No. 310, Women of Woodcraft, Saturday evening.

Maccabees.

Independent Order of Maccabees, Friday evening.

Royal Neighbors.

Harmony camp No. 3418, Royal Neighbors, this evening.

Knights and Ladies of Security.

Colorado Springs council No. 784, K. & L. of S., Thursday evening.

BOYS FIND POCKETBOOK AND WATCHES AND POLICE WORK ON THE CASE.

In the Garden of the Gods yesterday three boys dug out of the ground a cheap leather valise containing a quantity of cheap jewelry, watches, spectacles, etc., which it is believed were stolen from a jewelry store. They were turned over to the police department, and City Detective C. E. Shults is at work on the case. The grip contained twenty-seven $1 watches, several watch movements, a number of gold-filled cases, half a dozen scarf pins, between two and three dozen spectacles and frames, gingham glasses, a bracelet, etc.

DON'T COMPLAIN

if your chest pains and you are unable to sleep because of a cough. Buy a bottle of Ballard's Horehound Syrup, and you won't have any cough. Get a bottle now and that cough will not last long. A cure for all pulmonary diseases. Mrs. J—, Galveston, Texas, writes: "I can't say enough for Ballard's Horehound Syrup. The relief it has given me is all that is necessary for me to say." Sold by the Hefley-Arcularius Drug Co.

CHARGED WITH ROBBERY

SAN FRANCISCO, March 25.—John A. Locke and H. C. Harris are under arrest here on the charge of safe breaking and train robbery committed near Richmond, Ind.

Will you call us up and give us an order for

A Gas Heater?

Have you not thought about having one? Don't you want to take the chill off the house in the morning and then be comfortable the rest of the day?

Our number is

Main 23

The Gas Company

107-11 E. Kiowa St

DENTISTRY.

Dr. Shaw guarantees satisfaction. Operates by the most modern methods at the lowest prices possible for the highest quality of work. Office Barnes Building, 119 E. Pike's Peak ave., Phone 918 R.

Always Remember the Full Name
Laxative Bromo Quinine
Cures a Cold in One Day, Grip in 2 Days

NEWSPAPER ARCHIVE®

Whiting's "French Dimity" and "Dimity Bond" writing paper, at 35 cents per pound, is the best for general use.

FOLTZ & HARDY,
6 South Tejon Street

"OUR HEAPED UP GOLD WILL WEIGH US DOWN TO EVIL"

The Rev. J. Arthur Sylvester of Albany, N. Y., Says the Idle on the Boulevard Are More Dangerous Than the Idle in the Slums.

The Rev. J. Arthur Sylvester, of Albany, New York, addressed an audience of 300 persons at the college vesper services in Perkins auditorium yesterday afternoon on "The Spiritual Significance of Our Work," with special reference to the effect on sociological conditions, of the idle rich and the idle poor.

"In this age," said Dr. Sylvester, "there are few people who take hold of their tasks with both hands. The great majority take hold half-heartedly with one hand, and there are a few who do not take hold at all. Jesus spoke of people having eyes and seeing not, having ears and hearing not. We may have eyes that we may see the new social order of things, ears that we may hear the voice of duty, and hands that we may work for our social betterment and salvation.

Employment and Danger.

"This is not an age for the idle, or the one-handed workers. The old line of Dr. Watt's that 'the devil finds work for idle hands to do' is especially applicable to the present American life. We have a working class strong and happy among both the rich and the poor, but we also have an idle class, who are weak, miserable, and wicked among the people both rich and poor.

"The idea that the idle poor are the most dangerous of classes, is a fallacy. There are none more dangerous, and this applies to Americans of the present day, more than to any nation than the idle rich. The idle on the boulevard are more dangerous than the idle in the slums and are a menace to American institutions.

"I do not regard the young man who is earning $2.00 a day, when he fights for the $3.00 to which he is justly entitled, but rather the son of a wealthy parent, who with reckless extravagance flings about him the money which he never earned. It is the rich young man who is sowing the seeds of discontent among others not so well endowed and who by ridicule, makes honest work detested and looked at as something to be avoided. It is these young men who fill our divorce courts, after sensational elopements, and underneath the surface of our so-called better class there constantly exists a state of moral turmoil. These are the drones in the hive of industrious manhood whose one aim is to get money for which some other man has worked his hands to the bone, perhaps, and to spend it.

Duty of Leisure Class.

"It is for the people of leisure to determine the shape of our best society, not merely by calling themselves the best society, but by exerting themselves to that employment which upbuilds the character and develops the best side of their natures. The social problems of the present day would be nearer the point of solution if those of that class would refrain from ostentatious display, give their time to simple living, and devote themselves to art, education, moral development and religious duty, working with both hands for the development of themselves and setting an example for the other class which soon would be followed.

"There is another class, the people who are working with only one hand of those who are entering into their work half-heartedly. The idle class is a small one in comparison with this great crowd. These are the men who are failing in their life work because they are taking hold of it with only one hand and who try to explain away their failures by the plea of unjust laws, lack of opportunity, the position of capital, and the inequalities of the industrial situation. It is true that we have an industrial order which makes suffering possible, but it is also true that in American life there are no such inequalities that make it impossible for the man who will take hold with both hands to achieve final success. I hope that the American people will never be led into a social or industrial order which will make it possible for the one-handed man to triumph over the man who with both hands goes into his work with all earnest effort to succeed.

Old-Fashioned Ideals Best.

"There is a third class, that is most to be admired. The men who work with both hands. The less said about these men the better. We are weary of the doctrine of strenuosity and are in imminent danger of being bored by it. And it is also true that those men who most applaud the strenuous life are not those who most follow their preachings. It is not of labor itself that we are afraid, but its exploitation as a gospel is what makes us dread it.

"The strenuous life is no better than any other kind of life. What does it mean that we get things done unless it is with some noble purpose such as the clearing of a way for our nation. In politics what is the value of victory, unless it be in the effort to do something for our city, state or national honor. The old-fashioned ideals of justice and right are the best principles to give dignity to our work.

"If we lose these elements we lose all that gives our work any meaning. The fame that we win will be ashes at the last. Our heaped up gold will only weigh us down to evil.

"Then there is the man who works alone for the sake of work. That man is in as great danger as the idler, for 'the night cometh when no man can work.' Let us work for love's sake. This kind of work is a ladder on which, step by step, you may climb up to the realization of your heaven."

READ AND YOU WILL LEARN

That the leading medical writers and teachers of all the several schools of practice endorse and recommend, in the strongest terms possible, each and every ingredient entering into the composition of Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery for the cure of weak stomach, dyspepsia, catarrh of stomach, "liver complaint," torpid liver, or biliousness, chronic bowel affections, and all catarrhal diseases of whatever region, name or nature. It is also a specific remedy for all such chronic or long standing cases of catarrhal affections and their resultants, as bronchial, throat and lung diseases (except consumption) accompanied with severe coughs. It is not so good for acute colds and coughs, but for lingering, or chronic cases it is especially efficacious in producing perfect cures. It contains Black Cherrybark, Golden Seal root, Bloodroot, Stone root, Mandrake root and Queen's root, all of which are highly praised as remedies for all the above mentioned affections by such eminent medical writers and teachers as Prof. Bartholow, of Jefferson Med. College; Prof. Hare, of the Univ. of Pa.; Prof. Finley Ellingwood, M. D., of Bennett Med. College, Chicago; Prof. John King, M. D., late of Cincinnati; Prof. John M. Scudder, M. D., late of Cincinnati; Prof. Edwin M. Hale, M. D., of Hahnemann Med. College, Chicago, and scores of others equally eminent in their several schools of practice.

The "Golden Medical Discovery" is the only medicine put up for sale through druggists for like purposes, that has any such *professional* endorsement, worth more than any number of ordinary testimonials. Open publicity of its formula on the bottle wrapper is the best possible guaranty of its merits. A glance at this published formula will show that "Golden Medical Discovery" contains no poisonous or harmful agents and no alcohol—chemically pure, triple-refined glycerine being used instead. Glycerine is entirely unobjectionable and besides is a most useful ingredient in the cure of all stomach as well as bronchial, throat and lung affections. There is the highest medical authority for its use in all such cases. The "Discovery" is a concentrated glyceric extract of native, medicinal roots and is safe and reliable.

A booklet of extracts from eminent medical authorities, endorsing its ingredients mailed *free* on request. Address Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.

K. P. INDOOR FAIR TO OPEN TONIGHT

MAJESTIC HALL TO BE SCENE OF MERRY-MAKING FOR TEN DAYS. VAUDEVILLE ACTS.

With brief addresses by Major General Arthur J. Stobbart, of St. Paul, Minn., Grand Chancellor O. B. Bennett and Captain Alex. Reibscheid, of Colorado Springs, the big ten-day indoor fair of H. C. Casner company No. 2, Uniform Rank, Knights of Pythias, will be opened in Majestic hall at 7:30 o'clock this evening.

Special feature acts, many of them, have been engaged by the company for the fair and these, with the orchestra, "spielers," side-shows, dancing, etc., will keep things moving mighty merrily. A Japanese contortionist was added to the list of attractions yesterday. Morton Bromagen, the talented pupil of Herrmann the Great, arrived here yesterday and will perform tricks which will make the unsophisticated public look foolish in the sleight-of-hand booth. Police Judge A. P. Toombs will have charge of the mock trial booth and for those he gets his hands on, it will be ten days on the city rock pile.

The big hall will be elaborately decorated and will be lined with booths representing different fraternal societies of the city. Barnes' orchestra will furnish music for dancing every evening from 9:30 to 12 o'clock.

The following committees will be in charge: General committee, Captain Reibscheid, Lieutenant C. M. Argust; floor, Earl Ralston, Ed Martin, F. G. Riddle, Rex O. Singmaster; prizes, A. A. Stockwell, Max Cohen, H. Collier; booths, J. L. Bartlett, Alex. Day, Oliver Jones; finance, W. D. Nye, William Norton; printing, R. E. Wilson, William Kleopfer; publicity, E. H. Carrington, W. F. Elsworth; country store, Simon Krauz, Ed Finn; door, F. C. Kleopfer, A. McMillan; signs, R. H. Custer; cloaks, R. C. Hall, C. C. Cunningham, F. L. Dittemore.

BURIAL.—The funeral of R. B. Wilson was held from the Carrington undertaking rooms yesterday afternoon at 2 o'clock, the Rev. F. C. Smith officiating. Interment was in Evergreen cemetery.

The World of Books

THE EDGE OF HAZARD.

"The Edge of Hazard," by George Horton. [illegible] Price $1.50.

As [illegible] "The Edge of Hazard" [illegible] through a series of [illegible] adventures and hairbreadth escapes [illegible] was from Japan across Siberia to Moscow and half way back [illegible] the Russo-Japanese war. The hero is an American of [illegible] and he is a [illegible] years ago [illegible] to the rescue of a woman in peril, who then she be a beautiful Russian princess [illegible] the church of Mariamitch [illegible] a band of Jewish thieves [illegible] fanatical mob of Russian peasants.

There is point and a fine [illegible] story [illegible] but at the same time it contains some good descriptive bits that serve to keep the scenes in the reader's mind. Altogether it is a very readable book and one that will doubtless occupy a prominent place in the light literature of the season.

THE UNCOMPAHGRE VALLEY.

"The Uncompahgre Valley and the Gateway Country," by Rufus W. Morse. Published by Morse & Nowlin, Montrose, Colo.

This is an interesting and instructive compilation of historical and descriptive matter intended for the information of persons who contemplate settling in the west. It tells of the many advantages to be enjoyed in the Uncompahgre Valley region about Montrose, Olathe and Delta. About 10,000 acres of the valley are now under cultivation, all that can be irrigated with the present water supply.

The soil of the valley, wherever water for irrigation can be had, is remarkably productive. Crops of all varieties, everything suitable to the latitude, can be and are successfully raised. Hay and grain of all kinds easily grown and abundant range in the surrounding mountains make it an ideal country for stock raising. Vegetables, fruits and berries of all kinds thrive and compare favorably with those grown elsewhere.

The government is now building a six-mile tunnel and several canals to bring water from the Gunnison river into the valley. This stupendous work will bring the irrigable acreage up to about 150,000. It is confidently expected that after 1908, when this undertaking will be complete, land that can now be bought for $12 to $25 per acre will be worth many times as much.

"AT THE EMPEROR'S WISH."

"At the Emperor's Wish," by Oscar King Davis. D. Appleton & Company, New York. Price $1.25.

Whoever feels in the mood for a Japanese love romance, with an atmosphere that seems truly Japanese, whether it is or not, will enjoy Oscar King Davis' "At the Emperor's Wish." The hero Soichi, is of the Eta, or serf class of Japan, which has been lately raised by the Emperor to a level with the commoners. The disgrace of his earlier position lingers somewhat and is the cause of much suffering to the hero. The story tells how this low-born son won the love of a Samurai's daughter, and in the end gained her hand in marriage, because he proved himself a hero according to the highest Samurai standard in the Russo-Japanese war.

The author has caught admirably the spirit of things Japanese. The illustrations, chapter headings and marginal pictures, all Japanese, add much to the attractiveness of the book.

"THE REJUVENATION OF AUNT MARY."

"The Rejuvenation of Aunt Mary," by Anne Warner. Little-Brown & Company, publishers, Boston. Price $1.50.

Mrs. Anne Warner, who in private life is Mrs. Charles Ellis French, of St. Paul, has done some excellent work in character comedy, especially in the creation of the wealthy old miser-miser, Susan Clegg.

Mrs. Warner's "Aunt Mary" is what young men would call a thoroughbred, and she lives for seventy years without knowing it, which is not surprising considering that she has spent her days wholly in the country, and her only companions most of the time were Lucinda and Joshua, her servants. Her awakening comes at last, however. Her favorite nephew writes from New York that he is very ill. Aunt Mary at once orders Lucinda to have her trunk brought down from the attic. "Aunt Mary," the good old-fashioned lady, "who wears basques with buttons up and down the front" goes to New York. Her nephew had deceived her for there was nothing the matter with him, but with the help of his friends they give "Aunt Mary" the "time of her life," initiating her into the wonders of roof gardens, automobiles, cocktails and pousse cafes and she enjoys them every one.

After she returns home, ill of course, she gives orders to her hired man to get the saw and cut off the horse's tail, insists upon the maid playing poker with her at the bedside all day long, and asks if she can't do a skirt dance on the foot board—"I'm most wild to see some lace shake."

Some of it is wild and often silly but it's amusing, and ends in such a burst of sunshine and prosperity for everybody that it is good to read about it.

"JUDITH."

"Judith," by Grace Alexander. The Bobbs-Merrill Co., publishers, Indianapolis. Price $1.50.

The author, in her sub-title calls this novel, "A Tale of the Candle-lit Fifties," and the scene is on the Ohio river in Southern Indiana; but with a few minor changes the time and place might be set in any other epoch or locality. The plot de[illegible] h a woman in love with [illegible] and bound [illegible] strikingly original, [illegible] interest when [illegible] cleverly handled.

The writer's strong [illegible] creation of character. H[illegible] a tendency toward [illegible] of the abounding verbiage [illegible] James. Generally the [illegible] under good control but certain parts of the book show its unpressing effects. All the characters are natural and clearly drawn [illegible] their prototypes are to be found in every community and [illegible] act in every day matters [illegible] the book [illegible] that would [illegible] wanting. Altogether this book is a good example of the modern [illegible]

DERBY NECK AND JACK LONDON.

The New York Times comes in amusingly on the recent announcement that the trustees of a certain public library have put Jack London's books under the ban: "Derby Neck, Conn., we are glad to see, has a free library, and we are almost glad to see that the managing authorities of the free library have issued an exceedingly foolish announcement—it would hardly be worth while to call the announcement outrageous—to the effect that henceforth all books by Jack London are banished from the shelves of the library, and that it is hoped by them that the managing authorities of other libraries will do the same thing. The censors of Derby Neck even go so far as to advise all lovers of their country to cease buying Mr. London's books or taking magazines printing his stories. We say that we are almost glad that this absurd thing has been done in Derby Neck, not because we like the doing, but because it seems to be inevitable that some such folly will be committed at regular intervals by the officers of some library somewhere, and, this one having been committed in Derby Neck, there is a good chance that nothing of the kind will be done for some time to come in a place of sufficient importance to make it really humiliating to the American population. It is a fact, as the Derby Neckers have somehow heard, that Mr. London recently indulged in some crazy talk about the Constitution and the government. There is a difference as to just what it was he said, but it was certainly bad enough to justify harsh criticism of him as a politician and economist, and we are with Derby Neck in disapproving of the speech. But what has that to do with the fact that Mr. London has written a considerable number of stories, long and short, which are not only entirely innocent in such theories and doctrines as they contain, but are of somewhat unusual excellence as literature? This is not the place for determining the exact measure of their excellence, but it can safely be stated here that these stories have a peculiar strength, that their descriptive passages are both vivid and accurate, and that from them the reader can get a realizing impression of several remote lands and the vigorous people who inhabit them. For Mr. London writes skillfully of what he has seen with a keen eye, and he is a poet-realist of the kind that has few representatives in any generation. And these are the books that Derby Neck puts under the ban because their author gets up in a public hall and spouts passionately about governments and constitutions! Ah, well, the ban, even when imposed by Derby Neck, is good advertising for some good books, and no doubt their sale will be largely increased in that part of Connecticut. Such stupidities usually have the effect of increasing the sales of books less innocent."

BOOK NOTES.

Already Tom Masson's "A Corner in Women" has shown that it has come to stay. The holidays were scarcely over before demand again made itself evident in different parts of the country, and it has been selling since in increasing quantities.

"The Gambler," by Katherine Cecil Thurston, which is still enjoying a tremendous vogue in America, is soon to be brought out in England by Messrs. Hutchinson & Co. It is learned from the Harpers that the sales of "The Gambler" are expected to equal, if not to surpass, those of "The Masqueradder" which was accounted a phenomenal success.

That astonishing title, "The House of a Thousand Candles," was not due to a freak of the author's fancy. It sprang from a characteristic and long-established predilection for candles and candelabra. Mr. Nicholson has a remarkable collection of both—candles in all shapes and sizes, from the little farthing dip of our ancestors, to tall cathedral tapers, candlesticks that range from rickety colonial pewter to enormously heavy monuments of brass and silver.

The revised and enlarged edition of Mr. William E. Smythe's account of "The Conquest of Arid America," brings down to date what has been done by irrigation in the reclamation of the desert places of the west and southwest. "The whole story of the irrigation movement," says the Cleveland Plain Dealer, "is told in Mr. Smythe's volume, the processes are described, and a fund of valuable information given, while the narrative has the interest and fascination of a romance." The new edition contains thirty-two illustrations.

Mr. Winston Spencer Churchill, whose biography of his father, the late Lord Randolph Churchill, has recently appeared, is just now one of the most prominent men in England. He has accepted the post of under secretary for the colonies in the new Liberal government, and has defeated Mr. Balfour overwhelmingly at Manchester in a whirlwind campaign. The two volumes composing his biography of one of the most eminent and influential men of the last generation in political life are the work of a man who has at [illegible]

Neith Boyce, author of "The Eternal Spring," just published by Fox Duffield & Co., is the wife of Hutchins Hapgood, author of "The Autobiography of a Thief" and some other unconventional literary work in books and magazines. She is also a relative of Norman Hapgood, editor of Collier's Weekly, who has been of late very much in the Hot Light, owing to the great Town Topics Bed Scare. In publishing her books, however, Mrs. Hapgood insists upon using her own maiden name as a sort of nom de plume, for she finds it shine without reflected glory.

Mr. Putnam Weale's new book on "The Re-Shaping of the Far East" is described by the London Telegraph as an extraordinarily complete compendium for the student of modern international politics in eastern Asia. "The fifty-page prologue, dealing with the history of China, is a model of what such a summary should be, and the author's singular lucidity of style and acuteness of observation never desert him throughout the thousand and odd pages of his two volumes."

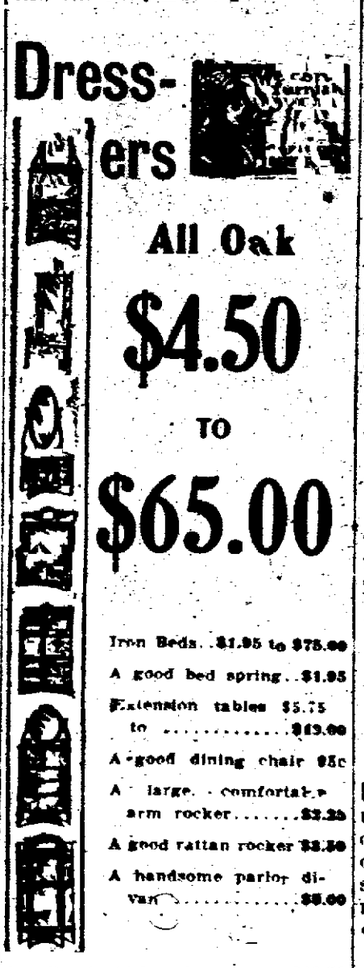
Miss Alice French, whose pen name is Octave Thanet, took certain instances in the life of her own brother as the raw material for her new novel, "The Man of the Hour." This brother, since dead, was a Harvard graduate, who, after leaving college, put on overalls and went to a 6 o'clock breakfast to learn the machinist's trade in his father's own mills. President Roosevelt, that excellent judge of literature, is a great admirer of Miss French's fiction. During his trip through the south, he made frequent reference to "The Man of the Hour." On one occasion, meeting Colonel Nutting, of Davenport, he shook hands with him heartily in the dee-lighted fashion, exclaiming:

"Hello, colonel, glad to see you! How are all my old friends in Davenport, and how is Miss French? You tell her I read all she writes. Do you know, that woman knows as much about factories and the machine business as a man!"

Apropos of the pretty psychical heroine of Hamlin Garland's last novel, "The Tyranny of the Dark," Andrew Lang writes in the Illustrated London News as follows:

"There was a very quaint case of this sort about seventy years ago, in a semi-detached house at Trinity, near Edinburgh. It was occupied by a Captain Molesworth; next door lived his friend and landlord. The captain had two daughters, both very young. One of them died and then the other was attended by the same phenomena as the heroine of Mr. Hamlin Garland. Neither the church nor science interfered; there was no preacher, no bacteriologist. The angry captain tied the girl up in a hammock, I think, which did not put an end to the noises. He pulled the house almost to pieces in his zeal for the discovery of normal causes, and even broke the partition wall into the house of his landlord. This led to a suit in the court of the sheriff of Edinburgh, which lasted long. I have seen some of the legal documents in this extraordinary case, but they throw no light on the real cause of the trouble. The lawsuit appears to have died of the inability of law to tackle circumstances which perplex science and religion."

Dressers



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"In looking over your book I see that your medicine cures Tumors. I have been to a doctor and he tells me I have a tumor. I will be more than grateful if you can help me, as I do so dread an operation."—Fannie D. Fox, Bradford, Pa.

Dear Mrs. Pinkham:— (Second Letter.)

"I take the liberty to congratulate you on the success I have had with your wonderful medicine.

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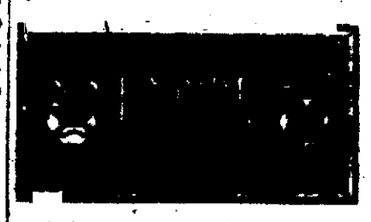

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CLARENCE P. DODGE, . . . President.
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Entered at the Colorado Springs postoffice for transmission through the mails as second-class matter.

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The Gazette is the only newspaper in Colorado Springs which receives the full report of the Associated Press every day of the week.

MONDAY, MARCH 26, 1906.

CAUTION NEEDED.

IN ALL the Hydro-Electric controversy there is one point which the people, and more particularly the Council, must keep constantly in mind; namely, that the holders of the Jackson franchise have certain rights guaranteed them by law. Just how far these rights extend is a matter which neither the Council, nor the City Attorney, nor the Mayor, nor the attorneys for the company should arbitrarily determine. If agreement is impossible it can only be settled by an appeal to the courts, and then it probably would not be settled until it had been carried to one of the highest courts in the land. A court of equity would, without doubt, take into consideration more than is expressly stated in the terms of the franchise. If an occasion arose in which it became necessary to give either side the benefit of a doubt, the court would probably lean toward the side of the city, because the city's case concerns the protection of the rights of the people. But this does not mean that the court would, in colloquial phrase, give the Hydro-Electric company "the worst of it" merely because it is a corporation. All of the circumstances in the case, from the granting of the franchise down to the present time would be carefully considered, and it is to be assumed that a decision would be based on the principles of equity rather than on the strict letter of the law.

Mayor Hall succinctly stated an important aspect of the situation when he said, in an interview in The Gazette yesterday, that, "the measure of the city's participation and acquiescence in what has been done is an element which the courts would consider, and which the city should consider before deciding its course." We are convinced that the Hydro-Electric company has repeatedly violated the terms of its franchise, but what has the city done, during the long period covering these violations, to stop them? It has known that the company was wasting water, or at least it ought to have known this, for it employs a Water Superintendent whose business it is to know about these things, and the Council could easily have gained definite information on the subject long ago. It is quite possible, indeed it is probable, that the court would take into consideration the city's acquiescence in these violations covering a period of five years. Of course, we are not to assume that this, or any other act of dereliction on the part of the city, would invalidate its case in court, but we must keep these facts in mind in considering what course may best be followed now.

For the city to pass a resolution revoking the franchise, shut off the water from the Hydro-Electric company's pipes, and thus close down its plant and deprive it of the ability to carry out its agreement in future, is the radical and aggressive course open, but it would soon result in putting the city on the defensive. It is a familiar maxim that the law abhors a forfeiture, and if there is any just way for a court to compel the parties to a contract to fulfill that contract, the court will compel this course rather than permit a forfeiture of the contract. By revoking the franchise and shutting off the water without first appealing to the courts, the city would cause irreparable injury to the Hydro-Electric company, and thus expose itself to the liability of a suit for heavy damages in the event that the original case should ultimately be decided in favor of the company.

The Council is bound by the most solemn obligations to protect the rights of the people, and in this matter it is just as much a part of its obligation to protect them from the dangers of expensive litigation and possibly heavy damages, as it is to protect their water supply from waste. For this reason the council must proceed with the utmost caution, weighing carefully and in the light of the best legal counsel available, all conditions both at present existing and likely to arise in the future. But this does not mean that a temporizing policy can be tolerated. Negotiations toward a settlement should be carried forward with the utmost expedition consistent with good judgment. An earnest effort should first be made to reach an agreement with the Hydro-Electric company on a basis of fair compensation for damages already sustained and binding assurances that the terms of the franchise will in future be strictly adhered to. If such a settlement can not be made, we believe that only one proper course remains open to the city, which is to appeal to the District Court to set aside the franchise and enjoin the company from further participation in the rights and privileges granted by it. In the event of such action being taken by the court the city would, of course, forfeit all claim to the power plant which otherwise might become its property at the expiration of the franchise in 1923.

Stripped of unessentials, the whole question before the Council is simply one of how best to protect the people's interests, and this is the thing to be kept in mind, first, last and always. The Council does not need to worry itself over the possibility of doing the Hydro-Electric company an injustice, for that concern has never shown an extraordinary amount of consideration for the rights of the city, but the city must be very careful to make its case as nearly unassailable as possible before it is submitted to the final and inevitable test of the courts.

SUCCESS.

THERE probably never was another country in which such a high value was placed on success in life as in America, and never did the subject more nearly absorb popular interest than it does now. The whole country is success-mad. Books are written about it, at least one monthly magazine was founded with the avowed object of directing the young man successward, and in order that the public might not mistake its mission, the magic word was adopted as its name. The Sunday papers regularly print untold columns of articles, wise and otherwise, pointing out the road to the goal and warning the traveler of the pitfalls he is sure to encounter.

The extraordinary variety of the advice given is both surprising and amusing. One writer declares that honesty is the best policy; another thinks the clever schemer is the man that lands the prize. There are still some who adhere to the old-fashioned rule of early to bed and early to rise, but new converts are being made every day to the theory that the man who stays in bed late in the morning so that he may work while other folks sleep, is thereby increasing his chances of success.

Nothing is more interesting is the diversity of opinion as to what constitutes success. Of course, most of the authorities say it is the acquisition of riches. Nine times out of ten, when a man is spoken of as successful it is meant that he has made a fortune. If he is gifted with rare abilities in art, the sciences or one of the learned professions, but has failed to acquire great wealth either through misfortune or lack of effort or thrift, he is likely to be described as "smart enough, but somehow he never managed to make a success." Judged by this standard Lincoln was a failure, and Grant, who not only never made any money, but lost the fortune that was given him, was worse than a failure. But it will be argued that this standard applies more particularly to business men. Well, there is Depew, for instance, and Platt, and McCurdy, to mention three business men who have attained wealth and power, and who, until within a very short time, were generally regarded as remarkably successful. But it is worth noticing that none of the counselors of the young are now citing these men as shining examples of the success to be attained through wealth.

Sir Frederick Treves, the eminent surgeon, recently delivered a lecture to the students of Aberdeen University, on "The Basis of Success," in which he denied that success in life depends largely on money, social position, influence, luck or genius. Said he:

"If it is hard for a rich man to enter the kingdom of Heaven, it is still harder for a man so burdened to enter with advantage upon the career of medicine. In like manner neither influence nor an initial social position is to be reckoned as conducive to real success. It is a common plea of the faint-hearted that success depends mainly upon luck. I am no believer in luck, and the man who is content to wait for a stroke of good fortune would probably wait until he had a stroke of paralysis. Luck in any serious profession means nothing more than that the man to whom it comes is ready for an opportunity when it presents itself. Most specious of all is the contention that success in a profession needs genius. Genius in its crude or native state is not wanted in the profession of medicine, nor could it be said to be a marked attribute of those who have raised themselves to the highest position in that calling."

Eliminating these attributes, Sir Frederick held that the real essentials to success are health, serviceable knowledge, sympathy, industry and honesty. Of course it is absurd for anybody to lay down a hard and fast rule for the attainment of success, because in the last analysis the personal element is always the determining factor. One man may be just as healthy, as well educated, as sympathetic, as industrious and as honest as another, yet fail lamentably where the other succeeds. We are inclined to think that the safest course for the aspirant is to try to possess all of the qualities regarded by Sir Frederick as essential, and in addition to keep in mind the modernized maxim, "All things come to him who hustles while he waits."

Germany's colonial war in Southwest Africa has cost to date $150,000,000, though it is so insignificant that half the world doesn't know it is going on, but the most disheartening fact is that almost nothing has been accomplished toward restoring peace. If this is the best showing Germany can make in war perhaps it is just as well that trouble with France has been avoided.

An Agricultural Department report shows that this country last year raised 1,600,000,000 bushels of grain more than was needed for home consumption. America is rich enough to send at least a little of that amount to Japan to relieve the famine victims.

The Russian statesman who thinks that a tunnel under Bering Strait should be constructed because it would improve relations between the peoples of Russia and the United States, will have to find a better reason than that when he talks to the financiers.

In Havana it is charged that a good part of the $25,000 appropriated by the Cuban Congress to buy Alice Roosevelt's wedding present, found its way into the pockets of the grafters. That settles it. Cuba is thoroughly Americanized.

What a fortunate thing it would have been for Russia if the Japanese famine had come two years ago instead of now! An army of men with empty stomachs would have been easy for the well-fed Russians.

Edna May informs a palpitating public that she will not marry again. The most serious consequence of this determination is that Edna's press agent will have to work a good deal harder to earn his salary.

It would never do for the country to lose the services of General Grosvenor entirely. Perhaps a place can be found for him in the Weather Bureau, where his talents as a prognosticator could be utilized.

The whole trouble in the Beliamy Storer case seems to be that Mrs. Storer considered herself an Ambassadress, instead of merely the wife of the Ambassador.

It is worthy of note that neither Vice President Fairbanks, Secretary Root, nor any other of the Presidential aspirants are urging Secretary Taft to go on the Supreme bench.

The directors of the New York Life now deeply regret that "Judge" Hamilton's health improved sufficiently to permit him to return from France.

LIEUT. PIKE'S DIARY

For One Hundred Years Ago Today

Wednesday, 26th March, 1806. Thomas, the Fois Avoin chief, arrived with seven of his men, and the old Shawanoes and six of his party. I had them all to feed as well as my own men. At night I gave them leave to dance in the garrison, which they did until ten o'clock; but once or twice told me that if I was tired of them the dance should cease. The old Shawanoes and the White Dog of the Fois Avoins rehearsed their exploits, which we could not understand; but De Breche arose and said "I once killed a Sioux and cut off his head with such a spear as I now present to this Winebago," at the same time presenting one to a Winebago, with whom the Chippeways were at war; this was considered by the latter as a great honour. My hunters went out, but killed nothing.

Open Parliament

SIDEWALKS VS. NO SIDEWALKS.

To the Editor of The Gazette:

During the past two seasons Mr. McClurg and myself have delivered one hundred and eighty lectures on Colorado in eighty-four cities of the United States, from Portland, Maine, to Portland, Oregon. Varied experiences as lecturers have given us opportunities to see Colorado from without,—through other people's eyes; to hear open and unvarnished estimates of her achievements and advantages and of that wherein she is lacking.

The present agitation of the questions of paving and parking has recalled to memory the fact that there are two concrete instances of Colorado Springs' climatic advantages which have deeply impressed themselves upon the "outland" mind.

First, the watering carts run up and down our streets all winter; second, Colorado Springs can do without sidewalks in her residential sections.

Even if the said watering carts were not needed for service, it might be well to have them ply up and down the streets merely for advertising purposes. Traveler, tourist and invalid may not always grasp tabular statistics of climate, but they never forget the watering carts which are required in the winter time.

When Colorado Springs is paved she will lose one of her prime assets as a health resort and one of her best advertisements. Any city may resort to paving to cover up Missouri mud or Mexican adobe, but Colorado Springs can afford to do without paving in her residence districts.

I do not mean by this that she can afford to retain dusty walks, weedy borders or decaying ditch boxes. These, however, at least permit rain and snow to disappear at once through the porous soil, while water stands in pools on the concrete pavements which retain moisture either in this form, or that of slippery ice-casing, long after all traces of wet have disappeared from the ground walks adjacent.

Paving is a more than doubtful benefit, except in our business sections, where the soil has become so saturated with impurities that it must be covered. Where mud comes paving must follow. But in the greater portion of our city, rain and snow vanish with marvelous rapidity, leaving no trace except upon the before-mentioned pavements.

Our sidewalks, covered with the red disintegrated granite (of which such admirable use has been made in the college campus)—rolled and re-rolled into smoothness, with a narrow curb or coping of cement, brick, or stonework—and perhaps with green turf borders, provided the city can guarantee care and water enough to keep these borders verdant,—would permit us to retain, for years to come, our characteristic advantage of boulder footways and would speak volumes of eloquent and unique advertising of Colorado Springs.

VIRGINIA M'CLURG.

Colorado Springs, March 25.

Colorado Comment

KEEP THE BOY IN SCHOOL.

Don't encourage that boy in his idea that he has had enough schooling before he has finished a common high school course. Keep him going even at the expense of some stringent urging. The successful man of the future must be an educated man. Things have changed since you were a boy, and are changing more rapidly now than ever before. The chances for the plug man are fast disappearing, so give your boy enough education to raise him out of that class. —Golden Globe.

RAILROAD TAX TROUBLES.

Otero county, like Bent and Prowers, is at loggerheads with the Santa Fe over the amount of taxes due for the year 1905. The Santa Fe's tax in Otero county this year is $29,504.53, but the railroad company by some hocus pocus has figured it out that they owe $1,700 less than this amount. Last week the agent of the company made a tender of the first half of the taxes, less one-half of the amount alleged not to be due, but the county treasurer refused to accept the money.—La Junta Tribune.

DEMOCRATIC MACHINE METHODS.

It is reported that the Democratic machine in Denver is against the primary plan of nominating candidates for office, and has passed the word to its satellites in the various counties to have nothing to do with promoting the plan. It is entirely logical for professional politicians to be against any plan that would give the people a chance to rule. Their "dark lantern" methods would have little chance of fulfillment.—Lamar County Democrat.

Near to Nature

NOTHING DOING FOR LITTLE BOYS.

The big boys around here draw straws to see who will take the girls to parties.—Dallas (Ore.) Itemizer.

THE THEATER HAT IN FT. MORGAN.

We have seen men who, after having camped for two hours behind one of these loveliest creations of the milliner's art, were in a condition to fight anything from a wildcat to a buzz saw.—Fort Morgan (Colo.) Times.

AS UNDERSTOOD BY THE WITNESS.

In a whisky case tried at Concordia, Kas., last week, one of the witnesses was asked what he understood a nuisance under the prohibitory law to be, to which he made the following answer: "A place where a man goes in at the front door on his feet, apparently in his sober senses, and is hauled out at the hind door on his back like a dog."—Wichita (Kas.) Eagle.

IN THE MEANTIME.

The ministers in Rifle are trying to get up a public discussion to decide the question whether sprinkling is authorized by the Bible. And in the meantime men are going to hell, and the world is so full of sin and heart-sickening agony, that one really seeing it all could never be gay and happy again. In the middle ages philosophers spent their intellects in discussions concerning the number of angels that might stand on the point of a needle. This question is of no more importance and in this time of science and sweet reasonableness there is no excuse for wasting time on it. Let it alone. If you think the Lord God Almighty, whose hand fashioned all the stars of the universe, cares whether you are sprinkled or immersed, you should cultivate a grander conception of him. Isn't it what a person really is that concerns you? Surely the Most High is as reasonable.—Palisade (Colo.) Tribune.

After the Sleep of Centuries

Giant China Rising From the Torpor of Ages, Prepares to Dominate Asia and to Contend With the Civilization of the West.

TEN years ago, or within a few months after the close of the Chino-Japanese war, the kaiser designed a cartoon, drawn by Professor Knackfoss and published in the Norddeutsche, which pictured a great black cloud rolling over Europe. In the center of the cloud rode the figure of Buddha seated upon a dragon. The cartoon was accompanied by a most explicit description of the figures in the allegory, and for title this royal work of art bore the warning, "Nations of Europe, Join in the defense of your faith and your home."

When the cartoon was reproduced in a French newspaper it was referred to as "Le Peril Jaune," the Yellow Peril. The cry "The Yellow Peril" had been heard before, but the German emperor was the first to set it forth in impressive form.

Was the cartoon justified? Was there on the horizon the spectre of the pagan east menacing Christian Europe?

May we not find the answer in the present spectacle of the genius of China, forcing the seals of its prison and rising in a towering cloud in the sight of all nations?

Germany's Menace to China.

Two years later Germany got her first foothold in China, taking possession of Kiaochau. Three years after that the Chinese government appealed to the United States to prevent the partition of China. One of the powers of which China was afraid was Germany. The influence of the Washington government saved the integrity of the most populous empire in the world.

Since then the yellow man has met the man of the west in battle and conquered; not with native weapons, not by traditional methods, but with the arms made by the European and used as the Europeans had taught.

The prestige won by Japan, whose meteoric rise has been the wonder of the world, has not been lost on the Asiatic races generally.

They believe the white warrior is not invincible, and that it is possible for them to compete successfully with the occidental in manufactures and industries. The full scope of the agricultural, mineral and manufacturing resources of the Chinese empire is not known, even in China, but the possibilities are believed to be astonishing.

Today the Caucasian races virtually are masters of the world; but what position will they occupy when the twenty-first century dawns? "The power that controls the Pacific will be master of the earth," is a phrase which has come to be regarded as axiomatic.

Less than a year ago it was generally believed that Japan was destined to become the dominant power in Asia. That prophecy before the Russo-Japanese war had been made for Russia, yet if the straws show the direction of the wind, both prophecies will have to be revised, for China is throwing off the lethargy of centuries, her crowded provinces are awakening, and the oldest civilization in the world seems about to be born again.

Renaissance of the Empire.

The renaissance of China, however, dates back much further than is generally appreciated. It began before Japan had been compelled to emerge from her hermitage, yet the Japanese, being a more shifty and mercurial people, and as a nation famed for the absorption of ideas, quickly sprang into power by adopting western notions.

"It is interesting to know that a mental awakening is taking place among the people of China, by which the Chinese mind will be brought proportionately nearer to our own." This sentence was written thirty-eight years ago by Dr. W. A. P. Martin, long president of the Tung Wen college, Peking, and one of the foremost orientals. At the time it was written the forecast was received with distrust. Even a decade ago, when, as has been remarked, the German emperor revived the prophecy in a dramatic cartoon, it was not taken seriously. Now the nations of the world are preparing for what is regarded as the inevitable. The United States is increasing its forces in the far east, and is about to establish a strong military base in Hawaii.

A Great People Misunderstood.

The great nationalist movement in China has heretofore failed of appreciation by the western world, owing to the prevalent misunderstanding of the Chinese character. While the great Christian peoples have been denouncing the Chinese for their ignorance, the densest want of knowledge of that race has been in evidence among those who have been loudest in their denunciation.

"Never have a great people been more misunderstood," says Dr. Martin. "They are denounced as stolid, because we are not in possession of a medium sufficiently transparent to convey our ideas to them or transmit theirs to us, and stigmatized as barbarians because we lack the breadth to comprehend civilization different from our own. They are represented as servile imitators, though they have borrowed less than any other people; as destitute of the inventive faculty, though the world is indebted to them for a long catalogue of the most useful discoveries; and as clinging with unquestioning tenacity to a heritage of traditions, though they have passed through many and profound changes in the course of their history."

To understand the Chinese position and to grasp the full significance of the social and political evolution in the Celestial kingdom, something of its geographical position and a glance at a few historical occurrences are necessary.

China's Enormous Population.

The Chinese empire comprises China proper—the old Cathay—which has an area of about 1,500,000 square miles, or little more than one-third of the whole, if Manchuria be still considered a part of her territory; and four dependencies, with an area of 2,750,000 square miles. While the total population of China proper is about 415,000,000, that of the dependencies is about 20,000,000, or about one twenty-second part of the whole. It is perhaps needless to explain that it is China proper which is now arranging itself today. The vassal and tributary states which surround it must follow as they are led.

Even in this day of maps the topography of China is not thoroughly charted, and surveys made by Jesuit missionaries 200 years ago are still being used. Vast mountain systems form natural boundaries of some of the numerous units of the great empire and have served not only to isolate China, but to protect it from the fate of the empires of Babylon and Persia.

Ancient Babylon is now being discovered by the archaeologist. Ancient China still exists. The mountains of Tibet, rising like a giant breakwater, protected her from that tide-wave of Western conquest, which sealed the fate of the two ancient monarchies. To the east the seas in times when navigation was not so practicable, held her millions in check. In the north are the hill districts of Kokonor, the great Gobi Desert and the tablelands of Mongolia. The southern barrier between China and Tonkin and the Shan states consists of mountain ranges, foot hills of the Himalayas, and plateaus.

Grew Without a Rival.

Owing to her impregnable position China grew up without a rival. The neighboring tribes, forming the fringes of the empire, were duly impressed with the power of the empire and paid willing homage to the giant. These tributaries China treated with condescending patronage and the disdainful contempt calculated to keep them in subjection. When the Western nations began to knock at her door China very naturally judged them to be similar to the tribes on her borders and assumed toward them the tone of superiority she was accustomed to use. She even went so far as to denounce them as barbarians and demanded tribute.

This arrogant spirit precipitated the Opium war of 1839, in which the antiquated arms of the old empire received an epoch-making blow. Seventeen years later China again attempted to expel the Western invaders instead of conceding points in dispute, and as a result the Anglo-French troops forced the Emperor to flee his capital and routed his armies.

Thus, it was half a century ago when China began to understand the character of the Western nations. It was the beginning of the awakening, which the events of the last two years have quickened into a movement the outcome of which cannot be accurately foretold.

While it would be wrong to infer, as is so often done, that there is no such thing as a national mind in China, it is true that the present renaissance is not general throughout the empire. In other words, there is not yet that unity of sentiment among the vast hordes in the empire which is necessary for the successful issue of any great nationalist movement.

But China is an immense empire. It has an area equal to more than one and a half times that of Europe. China proper is about one-half the size of the United States without Alaska and the island possessions, or about seven times the size of France. Communications, for the great part, are in the condition they were a thousand years ago. There are roads, which are not good excepting where they parallel the Grand canal, and the numerous waterways, some of them artificial. Excepting for about 500 miles in the north—in the province of Chili, and also excepting the Russian Manchurian Railway—China is without means of rapid transportation. News does not quickly reach the interior, and, indeed, the interior of China is terra incognita even to those who profess to be well informed.

Awakening in Cities.

It is not in the interior that the awakening manifests itself, but in the populous cities along the coast or not far inland. The educated youth of those cities are leading the great movement. The Chinese are a proud people, and the humiliation of seeing the Western nations boldly demanding and seizing territory ostensibly for naval stations, but really for exploitation, has given way to indignation and ambition.

This manifestation first asserted itself in the Boxer uprising; its latest phase has been the boycott against American goods and a growing hatred of foreigners. Young China demands a change of conditions, and as the Manchus, the ruling class, are an infinitesimal part of the whole population, the central government has found it necessary to placate the clamor in order to preserve the dynasty from being overthrown.

One evidence of this is to be seen in the dispatch of a commission to tour the world and bring back the latest ideas in manufactures, industry and commerce. The demand has also been made by the reform party in China for a reconstruction of the form of government, a constitution founded upon that of the United States being most in favor.

For thousands of years China has from its own resources fed and clothed and warmed itself. Everything the Chinese required they were able to produce. But the shopkeeping nations saw in the great empire an immense market, and virtually have forced their wares upon the Celestials. The danger to the Western world, the "yellow peril," in short, is not political, notwithstanding the Kaiser's cartoon but economic.

Production Heretofore Restrained.

Production has purposely been restrained in China by governmental interference. Machinery was kept out of the kingdom until recent years for fear that untold millions might be rendered idle, and idleness breeds anarchy and disorder. All this is now on the eve of being changed. Machinery will undoubtedly be introduced, and when the modern looms are running, when great iron works are put into operation, when the vast and incalculable stores of coal and metallic ores are worked with such appliances as now make the Western world preeminent, what will be the result?

With the adoption of labor-saving and quick-producing machinery, China bids fair to become the most colossal manufacturer in the world. The four hundred odd millions of natives cannot reasonably absorb the product. Unquestionably production will be the cheapest in the world. The natural outlet for the gigantic surplus will first be the neighbors of the empire—Japan, Korea, the Shan states, even India itself. Western competition will be unable to enter the field; it could not compete in price, and it could not equal Chinese workmanship, which is thorough, and what may astonish those who fail to understand, the Chinese—honest.

Japanese commerce is likely first to feel the keenness of this competition. The Japanese, living up to their character, as "the Yankees of the East," are invariably guilty of sharp practices in trade. It is admitted by most writers on the Orient that the commercial morality of Japanese is inferior to that of Chinese. "There is always," says one authority, "a tendency to deteriorate in all articles, for as soon as their superiority or cheapness has won for them a place in trade, the standard is lowered and something inferior is produced." Surely western civilization has taken root in Japan.

On the other hand, the Chinese merchant, as a rule, is honorable to a degree not always observed in this part of the world.

Army Being Reorganized.

For a year or two Japan has been active in assisting in the reorganization of the Chinese army, which now numbers about 200,000 finely trained and competently officered men. In three years it is believed that 1,000,000 equally as efficient troops will be ready under the banner of the yellow dragon. The outcome of another Chino-Japanese war, remote as such a conflict is, would probably have a result very different from the first struggle.

It will be impossible for China to take an aggressive step until she is provided with an adequate sea force. The collection of old ironclads which figure in the Naval Annual cannot properly be considered as a navy. On the other hand, a blockade of the Chinese ports by an enemy would be almost impossible, owing to the great stretch of coast line. Even if practicable the suffering would be entirely local. With such an army as she will have three years hence, she will be able to make a strong defense.

Under the conditions of ordinary evolution, no Chinese conflict would be due for at least a decade, but the unrest of the rapidly growing reform party in the eastern cities of the empire may precipitate a conflict. The Japanese are no more popular in China at present than are Americans, for while America excludes Chinese, Japan has taken overlordship of both Korea and Manchuria as the spoils of war with a third power.

In the strides which China is taking toward nationalization and self-assertion may not the German emperor be justified in pointing grimly to his cartoon on "The Yellow Peril?" —Philadelphia Public Ledger.

THE SOUTHWARD BOUND.

When the norther sweeps from the polar decks,
And the boughs are stripped and bare,
Then I haste away from the clouds of gray
To a country bright and fair.
By the speeding ships or the flying train
I flee to the land of flowers,
Where the summer smiles o'er miles and miles
Of rose and jessamine bowers.

The winds may blow and the ice may grow,
And the frozen flakes may fly,
But I'm southward bound to a sunny sea,
Where the tarpon glides with his silver sides
In the depths of the crystal tides,
And the hunter's boat in the reeds afloat
For the teal and the mallard bides.

Oh, the stormy day for the folks who stay,
And the blizzard's bitter cold,
But for me the shades of the Everglades
And the trees with fruits of gold;
For Florida waits by her rose-wreathed gates
With the calla on her breast,
With the rare perfumes of a thousand blooms
To welcome the northern guest
—Minna Irving in Leslie's Weekly.

HE HATED TYPEWRITERS.

The late Associate Justice Gray of the supreme court was very eccentric. Among his prejudices was a deep and lasting aversion for a typewriter. That machine did not come into general use until Justice Gray was an old man and he never became reconciled to it. It made him furious if a lawyer filed with him a motion or other court paper typewritten. He invariably returned it with a brusque request that the matter be written in longhand. He had a stenographer at his disposal, but never utilized his services, as he wrote all his letters as well as his opinions. He notified the clerk of the supreme court not to send him any typewritten paper, no matter how important it might be. He never neglected an opportunity to denounce typewriters. The result of his hatred for these machines was that he did three times as much work as the other justices.

WANT AND NEED.

There's a big difference between what a baby wants and what he needs. Deny him the one, give him the other. Most babies need Scott's Emulsion—it's the right thing for a baby. It contains a lot of strength-building qualities that their food may not contain. After a while they get to want it. Why? Because it makes them comfortable. Those dimples and round cheeks mean health and ease. Scott's Emulsion makes children easy; keeps them so, too.

SCOTT & BOWNE, 409 Pearl St., New York.

NEWSPAPER ARCHIVE® NEWSPAPER ARCHIVE®

The Rain Coat

The most serviceable, all-round coat made. It can be worn to anything from the office to a reception, the theater or church. It looks and is correct with silk hat or golf cap. It fits and has an individual style to it, and being a Priestley Cravenette, it sheds water, like a duck's back. None but the finest fabrics are shown by us in these raincoats, and for this reason the coat you may buy of us will give you the best of satisfaction.

PRICE **$13.50** UPWARDS.

HOLBROOK & PERKINS

BEGIN WORK ON PIPE LINE TODAY

CONSTRUCTION OF CITY'S BIG WATER MAIN THROUGH MANITOU TO BE RUSHED TO COMPLETION.

Construction of the city's 24-inch water main, known as the high line, through the town of Manitou will begin tomorrow morning when Doyle & Schwartz, contractors, have 75 men at work digging trenches. The trench work will be closely followed by the pipe layers and the work will be rushed through as rapidly as possible. For several days City Engineer R. H. Ashworth has had a force of engineers restaking the line, and other men have been hauling and distributing pipe, which is receiving a coat of tar as fast as it is distributed. There now is about one-quarter of a mile of pipe awaiting the excavators.

ONE DOLLAR PER MONTH

Will keep your clothes pressed. Hunter, 111 North Tejon street. Phone 549B.

FOREST RESERVE TELEPHONE LINE

GOVERNMENT IS MAKING ARRANGEMENTS TO PROTECT TREES ON SOUTH SLOPE OF PEAK FROM FIRE.

With a view of securing quick action in suppressing fires that may break out on the Pike's Peak forest reserve, the city has been asked to allow the forest reserve service to construct a telephone line across the city water shed from Clyde, to connect with the city's private telephone line at Seven Lakes, and another from Jones' park in Bear Creek canon to connect with the other end of the city's private line at Lake Moraine.

The forestry service now has three large nurseries established within the lines of the Pike's Peak forest reserve, but the trees are not yet of sufficient size for transplanting. For this reason it is probable that the government, during the coming summer, will bring from Nebraska about 20,000 red fir trees that will be set out on the south slope of Pike's Peak. In order that the government may give the new growth as well as the old timber the proper protection in cases of forest fires some method of quickly calling the men together to fight fire is to be arranged. At the principal nursery at Clyde, on the Short Line, the government has a reservoir with a capacity of 50,000 gallons and a vast number of young trees, so that at least two men are always on duty there. At the nursery at Jones' park, in Bear Creek canon, it is probable the government will have at least six men on duty during the summer. At both points forest rangers will be reporting at intervals, and by connecting the two points with the city's private line from Lake Moraine to Seven Lakes, the forestry service would be in a position, in the event of a forest fire, to call out about a dozen men. In an emergency the proposed telephone system could be used to call to the aid of the forest service about six men from the city water system so that within two hours from the first alarm of a forest fire within the city watershed 18 to 20 men could be upon the scene. To this force would be added such help as the Cog road would furnish, if the fire be on that side of the range, or, if the fire be upon the other side, near Clyde, the help that would be given by section men of the Short Line.

In order to reach the city line at Lake Moraine from the nursery at Jones' park, it would be necessary for the forestry service to construct a two and a half mile line, and the stringing of about three miles of wire would connect Clyde with the Seven Lakes end of the city's line. F. W. Besley, who has charge of the forest extension work in the Pike's Peak reserve, presented his request to the city council before the caucus Saturday night, and some action, probably favorable, will be taken by the council at the adjourned meeting tomorrow evening.

Two Ways

Have you noticed a difficulty in any thing—short, quick breath—when you are walking, going up stairs, singing, or are angry or excited? You may not think what this means, but doctors will tell you it means weak heart action.

Take Dr. Miles' New Heart Cure at once. It will strengthen and build up the weakened nerves and muscles of the heart, and makes it strong and healthy.

This is one way—the right way.

Neglect it a little while, and you will then notice Fluttering, Palpitation, Dizziness, Fainting Spells, Pain in region of heart, side and shoulders.

It is the other way—the wrong way.

Dr. Miles' Heart Cure

is a safe, sure remedy for the cure of Heart Disease, as thousands testify.

"I had enlargement of the heart. The doctors said I could live but a short time. I took Dr. Miles' New Heart Cure which restored me to perfect health."

R. M. BARRETT, Wellington, Ohio.

The first bottle will benefit, if not, the druggist will return your money.

CONSOLIDATION OF BIG MINES

MARY McKINNEY-ANACONDA DEAL TO BE CONSUMMATED AT STOCKHOLDERS' MEETING TOMORROW.

Consolidation of the Mary McKinney and Anaconda Gold Mining companies, as forecast several weeks ago, will be effected at a meeting of Mary McKinney stockholders in the company offices, Mining Exchange building, tomorrow morning at 10 o'clock.

The capital stock of the Mary McKinney will be increased from 1,000,000 to 1,500,000 shares. At present there is 900,000 shares of the stock outstanding and it is understood that practically all of this will be voted in favor of the increase in capitalization for the purpose of purchasing the Anaconda. It is understood the exchange is to be made upon the basis of one share of McKinney for four of Anaconda. Since announcement was made in The Gazette that the consolidation would be effected, Anaconda has progressed from 10 cents to 15 1-4 cents on the local exchange, which gives McKinney a relative value of 61 cents a share. It is understood the McKinney company has $100,000 in its treasury.

The combination of these two properties makes one of the largest propositions in the great gold camp. Its total area is 135 acres of rich ground on Gold hill, giving access to between 5,000 and 6,000 feet of one of the main veins in the Cripple Creek district, extending from the Gold King in the north to the El Paso in the south. It is understood that as soon as the deal is completed the Mary McKinney will at once declare a dividend of $40,000. The stock is to be listed on the Colorado Springs exchange at once.

Present officers of the McKinney will retain their positions. It is understood that F. J. Campbell or A. E. Carlton, both of whom are large holders in the Anaconda, will be elected to the directorate and it is said that Mr. Campbell is more likely to be chosen.

F. F. Castello is president of the Mary McKinney; W. S. Nichols, vice president; P. J. Ryan, treasurer, and J. C. Robertson, secretary.

DIED—David Hilbrand, 85 years old, died at his home, 415 East Cache la Poudre street, yesterday afternoon. Funeral services will be held at the residence tomorrow afternoon at 2 o'clock. Interment will be in Evergreen cemetery.

TO APPOINT EDMUND ALLEN AS ASSISTANT POSTMASTER

Political Pulls and Prestige Counted for Naught and Postmaster Strachan Makes Appointment on Grounds of Ability---Appointee Is Well-Known Business Man and Elk.

Edmund Allen is to be assistant postmaster of Colorado Springs. When Alex J. Strachan, who is to succeed Lafe C. Davis as postmaster, takes his official position at midnight next Saturday, the first action will be to appoint Mr. Allen as his assistant. Mr. Allen has made no strenuous efforts to secure the appointment, the selection was made upon the ground of ability and without regard to political influences, although Mr. Allen always has been a consistent Republican.

Mr. Allen resides at 123 Tejon place. He is 37 years of age and graduated from Yale in the class of '93. He was in the real estate business in St. Louis for five years prior to coming to Colorado Springs ten years ago. For three years he had a position with the El Paso Land and Cattle company, designing to enter the mining stock business, which he devoted his exclusive attention for three years. He still is a member of the Colorado Springs Mining Stock Exchange. For 1905 Mr. Allen has been connected with the real estate and loan department of the Dayton Realty company, of 20 East Pike's Peak avenue. Mr. Allen is a member of Colorado Springs lodge No. 309, Benevolent and Protective Order of Elks. An extensive acquaintance with the residents of Colorado Springs and its visitors adds to his many other qualifications for the position.

PYTHIAN KNIGHTS MAY MEET HERE

MAJOR GENERAL STOBBART SAYS COLORADO CAN HAVE TWO BIG CONVENTIONS FOR THE ASKING.

According to Major General Arthur J. Stobbart, commander-in-chief of the Uniform rank, Knights of Pythias, Colorado is practically certain to land the 1908 convention of the supreme lodge of Knights of Pythias and the supreme assembly of the Uniform rank, K. P., the former to be held in Denver, and the latter in Colorado Springs. More than 100,000 Pythians attend these conventions, which are held every two years.

Major General Stobbart is said to have remarked during a trip to Cripple Creek, yesterday, that the scenery could not be equaled in the United States and that he thought Colorado could have both conventions for the asking. The two organizations will meet this year in New Orleans for two weeks, beginning October 15, and a large delegation of Denver and Colorado Springs Pythians will be present to state the claims of Colorado for the 1908 conventions.

If the Uniform rank convention is held in this city in 1908, it will mean the encampment of thousands of Pythian soldiers in and about the city. Extensive grounds will be leased in the vicinity of Broadmoor and daily drills and sham battles will make the encampment most interesting. Entertainment of the visiting Knights will be under the joint supervision of H. C. Casner company, No. 2 and Pike's Peak company No. 10, both of Colorado Springs.

Major Stobbart, accompanied by about fifty prominent Pythian Knights of Colorado Springs and Denver, made the Cripple Creek trip yesterday in a private car furnished by the Short Line. A reception was given by members of Pike's Peak company No. 10 at the Antlers hotel last evening from 8 to 9 o'clock. The distinguished visitor will spend today driving to scenic points, and will open the big indoor fair of H. C. Casner company in Majestic hall tonight at 7:30 o'clock. At 8 o'clock he will install officers and inspect Pike's Peak company No. 10 in K. P. hall.

THREATENED TO KILL HIS WIFE

IS ONE OF SEVERAL SERIOUS CHARGES AGAINST L. W. BUCKLES, DEFENDANT IN DIVORCE SUIT.

L. W. Buckles was arrested by the police yesterday upon a charge of threatening to kill his wife, who is now suing him for divorce in the county court; being drunk and creating a disturbance, and he may have to face a charge of contempt of court as well.

Buckles has gained considerable notoriety recently as a result of his actions. After abusing his wife some time ago he attempted suicide, but was prevented. He was sent to Cripple Creek to go to work, after being placed under a restraining order by the court to stay away from the home of his wife. About ten days ago he was brought down from Cripple Creek suffering with rheumatism and was taken to the hospital. On Saturday, after leaving the hospital, he imbibed too freely, went to the residence of Mrs. Buckles and threatened to kill her.

Sanderson Commission company, 109 South Cascade, will buy live poultry.

WEDDING—Miss Alta E. Holmes, of Stillwater, Minn., was married to F. A. Dugenbury of Colorado Springs in Denver last week by Dean Hart, of St. John's cathedral. Mr. and Mrs. Dugenbury will reside at 716 East Kiowa street for a short time, but will move to Los Angeles, Cal., this summer.

RHEUMATISM

MUNYON'S

Rheumatism Cure relieves in legs, arms, back, or swollen joints in a few hours. Positively cures in a few days. Contains no morphine or drug to deaden the pain, but matchless as a tonic and gives all the vital parts from the system. MUNYON.

TO ALTER NAMES OF CITY STREETS

CHANGES TO BE MADE BY ORDINANCE SOON TO BE PRESENTED TO CITY COUNCIL.

With a view to securing uniformity in the names of the streets of the city an ordinance will be introduced in the city council in the near future, providing for the following changes:

Summit street and Pitkin street to Seventh street.

Eaton street and Bear Creek road from Colorado avenue to railroad, to Eighth street.

First street and Adams street to Ninth street.

Second street to Tenth street.

Third street to Eleventh street.

Fourth street, Monroe street and Campo street to Twelfth street.

Fifth street or Praderia avenue, south of Jefferson street to Thirteenth street.

Sixth street to Fourteenth street.

Seventh street to Fifteenth street.

Eighth street to Sixteenth street.

Ninth street and Crystal avenue to Seventeenth street.

Tenth street and Galena avenue to Eighteenth street.

Eleventh street to Nineteenth street.

Twelfth street to Twentieth street.

Midland avenue to Hayes street.

Washington avenue in La Vergne to Grant avenue.

Praderia avenue east of West Boulder street, formerly Agua street to Willamette avenue.

Sherman street to Willamette avenue.

Bristol street and Colfado street to Monument street.

Bluff street and Cable street to Cooper avenue.

Water street, Cheyenne place and Wheeler place to Arcadia street.

Fountain place, Grand View street, Arlington street and Irvine place to Franklin street.

Cherry street to Custer avenue.

Miles avenue to Cedar street.

Oak street south of Bijou street, to Corona street.

Oak street north of St. Vrain street, to Boyer street.

Park street and Acequia avenue west of Limite street to Park avenue.

University place to Glen avenue.

Valley avenue to Pine street.

Short street to Center street.

West Boulder street, formerly Agua street west of Chestnut street to Manitou boulevard.

Stillman street to Monument street.

Harrison avenue (west side) to Dale street.

Monroe street (West Colorado Springs) to Lincoln avenue.

Jackson street (West Colorado Springs) to Park avenue.

Earle's court to Wood avenue.

Audley place to Uintah street.

Berkley place to San Miguel street.

Astoria street to Columbia street.

Boulder place to Boulder street.

Verano avenue to St. Vrain street.

Jefferson street from Seventh street to Praderia avenue, to Rosita avenue.

Praderia avenue, between Jefferson street and the west side of Boulder street formerly Agua street to Rosita avenue.

Moreno place to Moreno avenue.

UNIVERSAL LANGUAGES

Prof. E. C. Hills of Colorado College to Lecture Tonight.

Professor E. C. Hills of Colorado college will lecture in Palmer hall at 8:15 o'clock this evening on "Esperanto and Other Universal Languages." He will preface his lecture on Esperanto by speaking first of Latin as the universal language of the middle ages in Europe, of Lingua Franca as the universal maritime language of the Mediterranean sea, of French as the language of diplomacy and of the systems that are in use in India and China. Esperanto has recently come into great prominence in Europe and America and students in many eastern universities are studying it. It is so simple than an educated person can learn to read it easily in two hours' time. The lecture is free.

COSTILLA STREET LINE

Of Street Railway System to Be Completed in Few Days.

Within ten days the Costilla street line of the Colorado Springs & Interurban Railway company will be completed. Work on the branch will be pushed as rapidly as possible this week and John Henry, assistant superintendent, says it is expected to connect with the Evergreen cemetery line at Prospect lake by the middle of next week.

Important Facts re Antique Furniture

OAK was the choicest wood used in Elizabeth's time. WALNUT was adopted the 17th century.
MAHOGANY was discovered by English explorers in 1720.
"Mayflower" Furniture was made of maple, soft woods and some oak.
CHIPPENDALE, the famous cabinet maker, opened a shop in St. Martin's Field, London, about 1750.
SHERATON, cabinet maker, artist and preacher, established a shop in Soho, London, in 1790.
HEPPELWHITE published plates of designs for furniture in 1788, 1789 and 1794.

There are very few genuine specimens of the great masters in existence, and a genuine original Chippendale, Sheraton or Heppelwhite article of furniture is of great value, almost priceless.

Most of the antiques are reproductions made during the past one hundred years.

The age of antique furniture is largely determined by the drawer work and construction.

Before investing heavily in "antiques," consult a reliable and expert cabinet maker as to the genuineness of the "antique" in question. Recently a Denver party purchased in New Orleans a suite of "old southern" mahogany furniture at $800 that was made during the great year and can be duplicated by any first class dealer at $400. Give your local man a chance!

The FRED S. TUCKER FURNITURE CO. 106, 108 N. Tejon St

FOLEY'S HONEY AND TAR

THE ORIGINAL LAXATIVE HONEY AND TAR

Cures Coughs, Colds, Croup, La Grippe, Asthma, Throat and Lung Troubles. Prevents Pneumonia and Consumption

FOR SALE BY HEFLEY-ARCULARIUS DRUG CO.

ELKS TO ELECT OFFICERS

Great Interest Taken in the Selection of Exalted Ruler.

Much interest centers in the annual election of officers by Colorado Springs lodge No. 309, Benevolent and Protective Order of Elks tomorrow evening. The election this year is of unusual importance because of the great number of visitors from all sections of the country who will be here during the grand lodge sessions in July. Among the members who have been mentioned for the principal office, exalted ruler, are James Bussey, D. S. Gilmore, Dr. W. A. DeBerry, Sheriff O. P. Grimes and B. F. Morris.

Wilbur's

EASTER MILLINERY,

Suits, Costumes, Waists, Coats, Etc.

An unapproachable collection of police desirable styles in women's wear for all occasions. Reasonably priced, value considered.

Special attention is called to our

$10.00. $12.50. $15.00, $17.50

HANDSOME TAILORED SUITS.

They come in the clever eton and natty coat styles, gray mixtures and plain colors—expert alterations—free of charge, on these garments. This is a line that will surely please you; let us show you this line at your earliest convenience.

NEW WAIST STYLES.

A collection that will hold the attention of those who appreciate snappy styles. Every late conceit for spring and summer is here at prices that will certainly please.

$1.00, $1.25, $1.50, $2.00

and upwards. A wide range of styles at each and every price.

LATEST NOVELTIES

in belts, bags, plain and fancy side and back combs, bracelets, necklaces, beauty pins, etc., the best jewelry store qualities at department store prices.

THE WILBUR SUIT CO.

Weekly Gazette $1.00 PER YEAR

Feed YOUR HORSE Well

and get better work from it, and—Good feed—from a good house—that's why we [illegible] to [illegible] foods.

BETTER HAY — BETTER GRAIN

and at a price that will [illegible] you a steady [illegible].

Just received a large [illegible] of [illegible] San Luis Valley, Wy. A [illegible] to all [illegible].

PHONE 412—[illegible] VOU[illegible] NORTH CAGE.

WM. A. NORTH

Hay, Grain, Flour, Salt, Etc. 118 South Cascade.

The Comfort of Home

is at call if there is a telephone. Low rates.

The Colorado Telephone Co.

R. F. MORRIS, Mgr. Tele. Main No. 2. 120 E. Kiowa St.

All Goods

sold with privilege of returning.

We want our customer satisfied in the fullest sense of the word. We cannot afford to sell you even one article that does not satisfy.

COFFEE ROASTED DAILY.

We serve coffee every Saturday afternoon and evening.

MODERN Tea & Coffee Co

— CARRINGTON

PRIVATE AMBULANCE [illegible]

Day and Night.

Office, 208½ N. Tejon Street.

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Here's the handiest and best-looking go-cart on the market.

The price is $8

READY FOR USE.

FAIRLEY BROS & FAIRLEY,

Colorado Springs Home Furnishers.

23 S. Tejon St.

LITTLE PRICES, BIG GOODS, GA[illegible]

NEWSPAPER ARCHIVE®

Monday and Tuesday

SPECIALS

Closing Out Our Winter Stock--Everything Must Go

Over 100 finest $18.00 to $25.00 Hart Schaffner & Marx and Kohn Bros suits all sizes. Monday and Tuesday only

$10.95

Over 150 of our best winter suits, worth up to $16.50 Monday and Tuesday only

$8.95

One lot of 50 suits small lots but big values Monday and Tuesday only

$7.50

49 [illegible] all wool of $20.00 and $22.50 suits one to three of a style

$4.95

Robbins

BARON DES PLANCHES TO RETURN IN SUMMER.

WASHINGTON March 25—Baron Mayor Des Planches the Italian ambassador, who has been absent since last fall is not expected to return from Italy until the beginning of this summer. The ambassador had to leave Washington on account of his health but he will return to his post unless one of the European diplomatic positions is open and is tendered to him. Baron Des Planches is actively interested in his mission in this country and had traveled extensively through the southern states with a view of directing Italian immigration to those agricultural states instead of to the overcrowded cities.

A SCIENTIFIC WONDER

The cures that stand to its credit make Bucklin's Arnica Salve a scientific wonder. It cured E. B. Mulford lecturer for the Patrons of Husbandry, Waynesboro Pa. of a distressing case of Piles. It heals the worst Burns Sores Boils Ulcers Cuts Wounds Chilblains and Salt Rheum. Only 25c at the Heffley-Arcularius Drug Co's store

CHARGED WITH ATTEMPTING TO WRECK CLEVELAND FLYER

PITTSBURG March 25—Three Slavs Tony Milfel, Charles Peckne and Paul Protkoines were arrested at Ambridge Pa. yesterday, charged with attempting to wreck the Cleveland flyer on the Pittsburg and Lake Erie railroad on the night of January 28 last in revenge for the death of a friend who had been run down by a train. A rail had been chained to the tracks, and the flyer was only saved from a wreck by the speed at which it was traveling.

The three men were held in $2,000 bail each and later taken to the Beaver county jail.

A BABY

should be sunshine in the home, and will be if you give it Wright's Cream Vermifuge the greatest worm medicine ever offered to suffering humanity. This remedy is becoming the permanent fixture of well regulated households a mother with children can't get along without a bottle of Wright's Cream Vermifuge in the house. It is the purest and best medicine that money can buy. sold by the Heffley-Arcularius Drug Co.

YOUNG PRINCE A DIPLOMAT.

Prince Edward, the eldest son of the Prince of Wales, is a little diplomat. Upon one occasion the young prince was asked by a little girl at a children's party where he lived. "We live near Whiteless," added the child proudly. "Ah," replied Prince Edward, with interest, "that's curious. We live near Goringes." Another time a gentleman was telling a long and dull anecdote to Prince Edward and his younger brother Prince Albert. After a time Prince Albert began to show unmistakable signs of weariness and impatience at which Prince Edward anxiously nudged him whispering as he did so, "Smile, smile."

8 RIO GRANDE TRAINS TO DENVER.

6:45 a. m., 8:20, 9.05, 10.25, 2.05 p. m., 3.25, 6.10, 7.20

TO PUEBLO 8.

10.30 a. m., 11.05, 12.06 noon, 4.10 p. m., 7.10, 9.20, 10.35, 12.25 night.

For Goodness Sake!

Buy your coal of the Tudor Coal Company.

Good quality.
Good weight.
Good service.

Tudor Coal Co.

KNIGHT-CAMPBELL MUSIC CO., 226 N. TEJON

"Pianos With a Reputation"

Renting a Specialty

For KIDNEY TROUBLES and CATARRH of the BLADDER. Cures all Discharges in 48 Hours

SANTAL MIDY

OUTLOOK IS BRIGHT FROM PRODUCTION STANDPOINT

GEORGETOWN, Colo.—Democrat and Leavenworth mountains are occupying the center of attention from a mining standpoint at the present time. A number of oldtime properties will shortly be undergoing development and from a production standpoint the future is unusually bright. The steady producers continue to keep up their past record and that the production for upper Clear Creek during the present year will be more than doubled is almost an absolute certainty.

The Mazeppa Mining company, embracing a group of six claims located on Democrat mountain, will shortly be undergoing extensive development. This property is located in a rich mineral zone and in close proximity it is estimated that more than $5,000,000 has been produced. The group has been opened up by two crosscut tunnels which have been driven a distance of 60 and 45 feet respectively. In the upper tunnel a shaft was sunk to a depth of [illegible] feet on the Mazeppa lode and for the entire distance a body of solid smelting material was followed. On account of the heavy flow of water work was necessarily suspended but it was started farther down the slope. The heading has now penetrated Mazeppa ground but it will be necessary to drift 200 feet in order to cut under the shaft workings. However a nice streak of high grade ore is showing and all indications would lead one to believe that a bonanza pocket is near at hand. Four big veins have been intersected during the progress of the work and drifting is to be inaugurated on all during the course of the next few days. In addition to this work the crosscut is to be driven ahead for the purpose of tapping Mazeppa lode No. [illegible] which crosses about 100 feet distant. With the resumption of work on the Bobtail tunnel which is scheduled for sometime the coming month that bore will eventually pass through the holdings of the Mazeppa Mining company. At that time it is quite likely that arrangements will be made with the Democrat Mountain Mining company for the prosecution of work through the above named tunnel thus insuring the economical handling of the ores. Throughout the various workings of the Mazeppa holdings there is to be found large bodies of mill dirt containing values ranging from $8 to $14 to the ton. An attempt is now being made to have some custom mill treat the same. But in the event that such can not be accomplished the management states that a concentrating plant of small capacity will be erected at company expense. When one considers that this property is surrounded by such famous old producers as the Polar Star, Lady Franklin, Gaelic, Rogers, Gold Coin, Edgar, Polar Star Extension, Firmin and Junction and that the ground is practically all virgin, it certainly looks as though important discoveries would surely be made.

Thomas A. Dunham, leasing on the Sunset, will award contract this week for the sinking of the shaft an additional lift of 40 feet. These operators made a shipment last week of 24 to a four tons of which was first class giving returns of 48 ounces in silver to the ton. The second class brought 70 ounces and for two weeks work the men netted over $300 a week each. A pump has been installed and no trouble will now be experienced on account of the flow of water. In the bottom of the shaft the ore body measures 18 inches in thickness and as sinking is continued it continues to grow in size. This is undoubtedly the richest block of ground ever found in the Sunset.—Record.

MINING NEWS OF PINE AND SILVER CREEK DISTRICTS

CENTRAL CITY, Colo.—The water has been taken out of the Annie H. shaft of the Elk Park Mining company situated in Elk Park section and the work of timbering the shaft from top to bottom has been attended to in first class shape. The main shaft is down about 50 feet and 40 feet below the tunnel level and drifts have been commenced on both sides of the shaft at the bottom. Already some nice looking copper ores have been found and Superintendent McNeil is very sanguine over their ability to open up a mine second to none in that section. As soon as drifts have been extended a safe distance from the shaft the company expects to sink with the intention of keeping up sinking for a further depth of several hundred feet. They have recently installed a first-class plant of machinery and erected a commodious shaft building and have one of the best strong men up north in the northern section. Pennsylvanians are interested and also own the 25-ton stamp and concentrating mill in connection with the property and they have excellent prospects under the present able management.

The recent heavy snow and windstorms of the past week have temporarily interfered with some of the outside work on a number of claims in this district.

It is reported that Manager Moultz of the Imperial Gold Mining and Milling company, who has been making a business visit to the east has succeeded in raising a large sum of money for the heavy development of the Mazeppa and other property owned by that company. L. J. is known as a thorough hustler and it is to be hoped that the report is true.

Topeka, Kas. people are interested in a lease and bond on the Ingram property on Arizona hill their interests being under the management of Ira Pollard. Considerable work has been performed in driving a tunnel into Arizona hill for a point of 140 feet in which a shaft was sunk and good ore was picked up. This work has been suspended for the present and operations are being confined to the main shaft. This shaft is down 170 feet and has been timbered wherever necessary and put in shape for active operations. A hoist is to be used for temporary operations with the intention of installing a steam plant of machinery in the spring as soon as the roads are open for the hauling of heavy machinery. Sinking operations are carried on to a depth of 100 feet with the whole being in a general drift. Work will also be pushed on the main Ingram shaft. As produced considerable first-class sorting ores which gave values of between $60 and $80 per ton at the Buck Hawk sampling works and the intention is to thoroughly open up the property with increased depth with the expectations of opening up the ore shoot again at an early date.

Mason Mc[illegible] and others interested in the Sherman and Mason Mining and Milling company owning a group of ten lode claims—under process of patent—situated in Silver creek. They are driving their main tunnel which is now in a distance of 675 feet and the work is being done under contract. They expect to cut the Rollens vein almost any day, and have been drifting on the Orphan Boy vein during the past month where they had some very fair looking sulphide ores showing up. Their surface showings are most favorable and if the indications in the tunnel workings warrant it the company expects during the spring or summer months to install a plant of machinery for the development of their group. L. L. Wheeler is in charge of the developments and his behind him some very substantial people.—Register Call.

TURRET DISTRICT IS SCENE OF MANY MINING OPERATIONS

TURRET, Colo.—The results of the test that was recently made on the Independence ore by the magnetic process were satisfactory, with the exception that gold was not saved. All the copper was saved, and as the principal values are in copper and the gold values small, it is already demonstrated that the ore can be handled profitably. Further tests will be made with a view of saving the gold as well as the copper. That will add about 90 cents per ton to the available result which will be an important item in handling a large quantity. The magnetic process would treat with the same success Copper King ore.

The Jasper lessees have opened a streak of smelting ore at the heading of the drift in the 200-foot level. A stope has been started. The streak is seven inches wide and growing wider. This streak does not show in the heading of the drift but instead there is about 18 inches of mineralized matter which would undoubtedly develop into a streak of smelting ore if the drift was continued. The conditions are practically unchanged in the west drift of the 300-foot level the ore streak still showing in the heading. Later developments exposed the ore in the 200-foot level to the extent of 30 feet and show the streak to vary from three to eighteen inches in width.

Work continues in the drift on the Holdrege vein of the Telina property where the developments are satisfactory. In driving the tunnel a cross vein was encountered beyond the Holdrege vein. That vein is expected to intersect the Holdrege about 100 feet beyond the breast of the drift. It carries milling values in the tunnel, and when it is reached a large quantity of milling ore will probably be opened. From present indications it appears that if development is continued a sufficient quantity of milling ore will in the near future be opened to justify the building of a mill and make the Telina a great milling proposition. But this property is known also to contain high grade ore and the drift is driving for a shoot of that kind which shows in the Holdrege shaft. The Telina people have strong encouragement to advance the development of their property.

John Patterson continues his work on his property by the roadside between Camp and Hecla. He is driving a crosscut tunnel, is 30 feet under cover and getting some fine quartz and hematite. He has not reached the point where he expects the best conditions.

W. H. Ellis has completed the packing of the graphite shipment to the foot of the Vivandiere hill. Bassham and Contonwine have hauled it to the railroad. It will go forward as soon as a car can be secured. If this trail is satisfactory a new industry will be started in this district.

CONGRESS HAS $700 ORE FIND

100 FEET OF RICH STREAK EXPOSED, WHILE THERE IS A WIDER BODY OF LOW GRADE.

TELLURIDE, Colo.—A few men have been employed on the Congress group in Bridal Veil basin at the head of Blue Lake for several months past. Work was suspended a week or two ago on account of the deep snows. Reese Breckenridge brought down a hundred pounds or more of the ore from the property last week which will run seven or eight hundred dollars to the ton. The pay streak from which this rich ore is taken is about a foot wide. The vein is from three to six feet wide between walls and highly mineralized all through and a splendid milling or concentrating ore running in gold, silver and lead but mainly the two former metals.

Of the rich streak a considerable quantity of it is exposed by a hundred feet of tunnel that has been run this winter.

Besides the Congress there are three other claims in the group the Royal Emperor and Mammoth.

Peter Hanson, J. W. Hanson, P. A. Lilley and E. M. Arthur are the owners and their prospects for making a big shipper out of the Congress are exceedingly bright.—Mining Record.

TWENTY OUNCE SILVER STREAK

CONTACT IN BLACK GIRL OPENED FOR 400 FEET, SHOWING LARGE, RICH ORE BODIES.

OURAY, Colo.—It was [illegible] was revealed when it was found that a contact had been opened up on the Black Girl which carries [illegible] silver. There is also a contact which carries about [illegible] ounces.

The Black Girl is located [illegible] half a mile north of the Neversweat. One of the contacts exists between the line and the other above and the contact carrying the higher values is about 5 feet thick.

A 50 ton shipment was made a short time ago and returns have been received but no mad punt. Over 400 feet of the contact has been uncovered and there is from 300 to 1000 tons of ore in sight and ready for immediate mining.

Mr. Dupraw will in a few days let a contract for the erection of a number of ore bins for the storage of ore and work which had been temporarily suspended will be commenced with a force of ten men.—Mining Record.

PRESCRIPTIVE RIGHTS OF ROOSTERS

Apropos of an item in the October issue of Case and Comment as to privileges allowed by law to roosters in New York villages a Pennsylvania correspondent refers us to the decision of Hillegas vs. Reinhart, 4 Lackawanna Jurist, page 8, where the headnotes of the Pennsylvania court were as follows:

In the exercise of his prescriptive right a game cock cannot be enjoined by a preliminary injunction in Lancaster county.

Equity is without jurisdiction when it is invoked to restrain a rooster from crowing.

The prerogatives of a barnyard fowl are beyond the reach of any common law doctrine or legislative enactment. They are founded upon principles that antedate hotels and were honored for centuries ere the commercial traveler or ubiquitous drummer ever monopolized a tavern, or usurped a passenger car.

The right to crow is an inherentable right and must not be abridged or suppressed, because it is as natural and perpetual.

Dictum. A chanticleer might be moved did the rooster keep on continuously.

An injunction will not be allowed at the instance of a hotel keeper to stop the crowing of game cocks, the early morning on adjoining premises, in view of direct damages being proven.

NICHOLAS WAS WARY.

Perhaps the famous reply in the house treasury of the president's pig of a whipping post for wife beaters in the District of Columbia was Nicholas' lengthy vote to table the bill. He explained that he was altogether too fearful to trust himself to help establish such a punishment for such an offense.

M'KINNEY ORE INCREASES TO 110 OUNCES IN SILVER

GEORGETOWN, Colo.—The strike made in the McKinney property two weeks ago is daily growing and it looks as if a bonanza would shortly result. The discovery was made in the raise 278 feet from the portal of the adit tunnel and a body of ore is now showing which measures from eight to sixteen inches in thickness and which carries average values of 110 ounces in silver to the ton. Picked samples give assay returns ranging from 400 to 500 ounces silver, and from 10 to 20 in gold to the ton. Sometime the coming week work is to be started on another raise 100 feet further in, as at that point a nice streak of high grade ore is showing. The tunnel is also to be driven steadily forward for the purpose of reaching the junction of the Key West a cross lode, which from shaft workings a good production resulted. Ore has been produced from the Key West which milled as high as 10 ounces gold and 200 ounces silver to the ton. The objective point should be reached within the next 75 feet, where drifting and raising will be inaugurated.

Manager F. W. Shepard is in the east consulting with the directors regarding the future operation. Before leaving he stated that upon his return machinery would be installed. A new tunnel will be started further down the hill to tap the ore reserves at an increased depth of approximately 300 feet. As there are large bodies of concentrating material throughout the workings, efforts are being made to have some custom mill handle the product. If this cannot be accomplished a milling plant of 25 tons capacity will be constructed upon the site owned by the company.

The property is situated on Leavenworth mountain, which for more than a third of a century has been a constant producer of high grade ore. Three claims are embraced in the holdings, including a valuable mill site.—Mining Record.

BRIGHTON IS ENCOUNTERING ORE IN VIRGIN TERRITORY

IDAHO SPRINGS, Colo.—Development in the territory of the Pittsburg Consolidated M. M. & T. company west of the shaft is revealing the best body of ore yet found in the mine. Both the 300 and the 400 foot levels have entered a shoot hitherto unknown, which carries higher values than that upon which the work has been done. In each level the shoot measures four feet in thickness and very full tests show the value of the crevice, excluding the high grade streak to be 34 oz. gold, 17.50 ozs. silver and a large percentage of lead and copper.

This ore shoot as stated has not been known before. It has distinctive features from the other ore of the mine and is more like the deposits of the vein farther east in the territory of the old Freeland mine. It has always been the contention of Manager Ellis that the Brighton mine would with depth and development be found similar in every way to the Freeland of which it is the western extension. The vein is remarkably similar at the point of the new discovery to the formation where the big ore bodies were found in that mine. The greater part of the holdings of the Pittsburg company, lie west of the shaft where development is now being extended. The drifts are under the point where the vein leads across the gulch and takes the slope of the opposite mountain and from now on they gain depth rapidly. On surface at this point the vein has never been uncovered, as there is a heavy deposit of earth which has made surface prospecting difficult. Further up the hill, however, very good ore bodies have in the past been found, and it is the universal belief of those familiar with the country that the continuation of the Freeland shoot will be found to have extended into this basin.

The buildings for the new compressor and pumping plant are completed and the foundations are being built for compressor and other machinery. The equipment will be in commission before the spring flow of water comes so that the large capacity pump will overcome the necessity for a shutdown which heretofore has occurred at that season.

The mill has been shut down since the storm, owing to impossibility of hauling ore from the mine.—Gazette.

SHOVE, ALDRICH & CO. BANKERS—BROKERS

Telephone No. 55. Cable Address: "Shoald."
Removed to New Mining Exchange Building. Entrance to offices, Rm. [illegible]

William P. Bonbright & Co.,
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MEMBERS
New York Stock Exchange.
Colo. Springs Mining Stock Exchange.

The Hard Day's Work of The Truant Officer

Fourteen Thousand Youngsters of Gotham Rounded Up and Sent Back to School in a Single Year—Pathetic Cases That Are Brought to Light—Children Who Took Turns in Wearing Shoes and Stockings—Modern Methods of Dealing With Confirmed Truants

NEW YORK, March 21.—In round numbers no less than 14,000 truants have been caught and then returned to the public schools of this city in a single year, so it is fair to be seen that the truant problem of New York is a very serious one. Of the total number however less than five per cent are so incorrigible that they have to be committed to reform schools and of these committed not to the ordinary reform schools where discipline is a perfunctory following of traditional rules but to a model reform school like the New York Juvenile asylum the majority develop into good and useful citizens.

Truant officers are not the only ones that give the school authorities trouble. Twelve hundred to 71 truant officers have investigated as many as 109,416 cases of absence from school but this does not represent all their work by any means for really 15,000 of these cases required more than one investigation. Cases of truancy are the most important of all but some idea of the magnitude of the work of the truant officers may be derived from the fact that during the year these truant officers discovered 9,000 children who did not go to school because not compelled to and 1,800 children who were employed during school hours. All these children were of course sent to school by the officers as soon as discovered.

It is no exaggeration to say that the job of the New York truant officer like that of the policeman in the Pirates of Penzance is not a happy one. He is largely responsible for the enforcement of the law that every child between the ages of eight and fourteen must attend the public school regularly and the enforcement of this law in districts like those of the lower East side where it not uncommon to find seventy hundred persons living in a single five story tenement house requires tireless vigilance. The mere physical task of climbing stairs and questioning the residents in five or six tenements scattered from one end of a district to another is itself a great drain on a man's patience and energy. For it would never do to conduct these visits perfunctorily. As a rule these cases of non-attendance at school have some any peculiar or exasperating circumstances to warrant disposing of them according to hard and fast rules and the officer must play the part of a just judge.

The work of a truant officer begins when that of parent or guardian has apparently ended. For example when the usual notice mailed to the home of a child who has been absent from school is neglected or when some unsatisfactory excuse is made then the truant officer makes it his business to visit the child's home and investigate the case himself and anyone who wishes to see East side life as it really is, behind doors generally closed to all but officers in uniform, would find it instructive and interesting to accompany the truant seeker on his daily rounds.

First on his list today is a Russian Jewish name that would bewilder the native eye and defy the native tongue. The officer goes down a side street, crosses to enter a dilapidated four story tenement house through a low doorway, picks his way through a dark entry and goes up the creaking stairs into an atmosphere composed of bad air and the odors from several kitchens. He knocks on one of the four doors on the landing at the end of the second flight of stairs. A middle-aged woman appears and placing her arms akimbo regards him inquisitively. He speaks to her in Yiddish telling her who he is and what he wants and then she makes way for him meekly enough and nods towards the farther end of the room. It is a typical East side room about ten feet square with a window opening upon an air shaft and with a table a gas stove and a couple of wooden chairs for furnishings. At the table sits a boy his cap on his head an empty cup and a crust of bread before him. Evidently he has just had his breakfast.

"Why aren't you at school" the officer asks.

The boy sulks and does not answer. His mother explains that he won't go to school neither will he go to work. He is only fourteen years old, but she has lost all control of him. His favorite occupation is loafing around the streets with a gang of boys like himself. His father has been hopelessly blind for two years and the mother has supported the family by taking in washing. Once she had hopes that her son would be a help to her instead of that he is a hindrance. She explains why he cannot talk very well by describing the beating his father had given him too day before for gambling away her week's earnings. She has done everything she could for him she says but now that he is proving himself useless she would rather have him taken away. There is no doubt in the officer's mind that her story is true and he makes arrangements to come again the following day and have the boy committed to the truant school.

The next case is entirely different. The boy who is twelve years old has been very irregular in his attendance at school. His mother explains that he can't go to school because he has no shoes and stockings. There are three children altogether, two girls and a boy. The father is too sick to work, but yet too stubborn to go to the hospital. The mother in spite of heart trouble supports the family; she does the best she can she says, but the children must take turns going to school. She can't give them all shoes and stockings they must take turns. The boy wants to go to school and when he has shoes and stockings he always does go.

Now the law says that the boy must go to school until he is fourteen years old and makes no allowance for a lack of shoes or stockings, so what is to be done in the case? The officer promises to see that one of the charity organizations will keep the boy supplied with necessary articles of clothing until he is old enough to be legally at work. He has in his pocket a summons requiring the boy to appear in the Children's court to answer a complaint of truancy but the summons remains unserved. Extenuating circumstances cover this case and unintelligent or unsympathetic action on the part of the officer would simply make matters worse. The officer knows what to do, and as a consequence he makes his way down stairs, followed by the thanks of the poor little boy's family.

But there are not always extenuating circumstances. The next name upon the officer's list is that of a boy who told his teacher that his family was going to move and that he would have to go to another school. According to the rule he gladly supplied the teacher with his new address, but he failed to report at the new school, which was against the rule. The truant officer was suspicious from the moment he took up the case and probably he was not surprised when he found that the address given by the boy was an East river lumber yard. The officer had to drop the case but he did so with the conviction that sooner or later either he or some other pursuer of truants would come upon the boy in the streets during school hours. When that juvenile rogue is caught he will be haled promptly to the Children's court.

Next the officer stopped at a little butcher shop. The butcher was engaged in shaving an east side beefsteak from an up-town beefsteak.

"Where's Adolph?" said the officer.

"Oh he no good," returned the man. "He run away—go to society. I can't get him back."

It happens in this case that Adolph had done precisely what the officer had intended to do for him. Adolph is an orphan, his parents having died in the old country, and his uncle the butcher, thought nothing of keeping him at work from 3 o'clock in the morning until 8 or 9 at night. To be sure he complied with the law to the extent of requiring Adolph to go to school during the day, but after a little experience with his uncle, Adolph had probably decided that the "institution" would no doubt prove a comparatively pleasant place.

Of course much depends upon the character of the institution. There are still some truant schools whose old-fashioned methods effect hardly any change in the wayward or neglected boy. But altogether different is the system of reform—now gradually impressing itself upon people who are concerned in the philanthropic work of improving the condition of city waifs—in vogue at the Juvenile asylum formerly in the city itself but now near Dobbs Ferry up the Hudson. At this institution new ideas are taught. The boys learn the advantages to be gained by industry, honesty, and uprightness. Besides they live a healthy outdoor life which helps as much as anything else to improve the ways of little chaps who have lived in gloomy and unhealthy tenements and who have known only corrupt associates. After a term of from one to five years at the asylum, they are sent out into the world but they go not back to their old haunts and old temptations but generally to good homes in the west, where good influences prevail.

One of the graduates of the Juvenile asylum is a prominent western citizen who at the present time is a candidate for one of the most important offices in the state where he resides. Paradoxical as it may seem he got his start in life by stealing fruit from a cart in the east side of New York. He was then just such a little raider as the truant officer studies every day but the asylum together with the influence of a good home in the state where he is now a leader brought out the real character of the man and in the opinion of the truant officer, there are many other little raiders of the same sort still eluding detection in the metropolis.

DOCTORS ARE PUZZLED

The remarkable recovery of Kenneth McKee of Vanceboro Me. is the subject of much interest to the medical fraternity and a wide circle of friends. He says of his case: "Owing to severe inflammation of the Throat and congestion of the Lungs, three doctors gave me up to die when as a last resort I was induced to try Dr. King's New Discovery and I am happy to say it saved my life. Cures the worst Coughs and Colds, Bronchitis, Tonsilitis, Weak Lungs, Hoarseness and La Grippe. Guaranteed at the Heffley-Arcularius Drug Co's store. 50c and $1.00. Trial bottle free.

WINTER OPENS ALASKAN TRAILS.

Season When Gold and Fur Hunters Can Transport Supplies There.

In a greater part of this country the closing in of winter means the limiting of traveling facilities, and often renders journeys by means of the cruder forms of transportation impossible. Roads are blocked with deep snow, melting weather creates highways of bottomless mud and many of the streams have too much ice to be crossed by boats and not enough to bear up animals and vehicles. In Alaska however, the "freeze up" is the magic key which open wide the trails to every valley and distant mountain fastness. It is nature's unlimited franchise to the "sour-dough" prospector, who with a strong back and a weak mind, responds with tireless effort to the goadings of the gold fever within his veins. It extends equal privileges to the fur hunter as he follows his long line of traps and to the toiling freighter and the scheming tradesman, each of whom must have his share and not always smaller share of the earth's rich treasures.

Broad streams and rushing torrents are bridged with ice strong enough to bear up a railroad train, and the mushy tundra, with its rough surface entirely made up of alternate water holes and nigger-head hummocks, is leveled off with layer after layer of wind-driven snow. Every stream becomes a highway. No part of the broad expanse is longer impassable and the distribution can now begin from the stocks of supplies cached at convenient points by water transportation to the widely scattered places where these supplies are to be used.

The introduction of the domestic reindeer into Alaska has given that country a new and useful animal, which is already becoming a source of comfort and employment for the native Indians, whose condition is in every way deplorable. These animals will not however, become an important adjunct to the transportation facilities of the country. They have been tried for various kinds of work during a period of several years, but have been untrustworthy in comparison with horses and dogs. The latter plays an indispensable part in Alaskan life and for him there is no substitute. He is particularly fitted for Arctic travel, trustworthy and faithful in his work and devotedly attached to the hand that feeds him and the voice which commands him by entreaties or by curses. The dogs are fed only once a day at the close of the day's work—and under ordinary conditions of load and trail can travel thirty-five or forty miles in a day.—National Geographic Magazine.

LISTEN

and remember the next time you suffer from pain caused by damp weather—when your head early bursts from neuralgia—try Ballard's Snow Liniment. It will cure it. A prominent business man of Hempstead, Texas, writes: "I have used your Liniment [illegible] and it was a great suffer from Rheumatism and Neuralgia. I am pleased to say that now I am free from these complaints. I am sure I owe this to your liniment." Sold by the Heffley-Arcularius Drug Co.

SPRING GOODS

ARRIVING DAILY

AT THE

New and Up-to-Date Store

THE HUB
18-20 S. TEJON ST.

NEWSPAPER ARCHIVE®

GERMANY'S YOUNG PRINCES.

Glimpses of Them During Their Annual Summer Stay at Wilhelmshohe.

Now, of course, the most lively interest in the place (closely clustering around the prisoning imperial family during their annual summer stay at Wilhelmshohe, off course life there is home. Balls, receptions and social functions are left behind to Berlin with the winter months, and the emperor and empress, with their children, give themselves up to the intimate home life which is doubly precious because doubly rare in a sphere like theirs where pleasures and perils alike are swamped in affairs of state, and it is this domestic side of the royal picture which appeals so strongly to the feelings. The emperor is certainly the first lady of the land, she is the first mother in Germany, and although the aristocracy may grumble that she neglects her social duties and quite votes too closely the famous three K's—recommended by the emperor—Kuche, Kinder and Kirche (cooking, children and church), and—cooking is the great—precisely because of this that the bulk of the German people have enshrined her in their hearts.

As spring changes to summer and the date set for the empress' arrival draws near, there toil up the wooded slopes of Wilhelmshohe great vans of gigantic size, one after another, depositing its burdens of furniture, provisions and trunks at the schloss, which opens wide its windows to the morning sunlight. In the grounds an army of peasant women, in blue cotton gowns and white kerchiefs, rake and hoe, prune and plant, cut and trim and water, till the flower beds grow fairly riotous with blossom, and the grass outvies even English turf in greenness. Carriages and vehicles galore, and all sorts and conditions of horses, come one by one to the stables, and when we started out of a morning for our daily ride, we found at the entrance to the wooded bridle path, which we regarded as our own special property, a polite notice that it was "for the very most highest personages reserved" ("fur die allerhochsten Herrschaften reservirt") and turned our horses' heads in another direction.

I well remember a summer, six or seven years ago, when the imperial children were still children. The empress broke her usual rule of arriving at five o'clock in the morning so as to avoid all demonstration, and the imperial train of white cars steamed into the Wilhelmshohe station at two in the afternoon, while all along the way crowds were gathering in smiling expectancy. Here they come! We know it first by the cheering, and then by a glimpse of the carriages as they round the curve and are upon us, and forthwith, like reeds beside a river, the crowd sways and bends in one tremendous courtesy as the empress passes. Every petticoat sweeps the dust, and every cap and hat is lifted, while the gracious lady in the dark green tailor suit bows and smiles, and all the little princes salute with a winning seriousness.

All through the days that followed we caught fleeting glimpses of them. We saw the mother playing tennis on the lawn with her two eldest sons and a lady in waiting, or the whole party sitting round the supper table on the terrace of a warm summer evening. Indeed, the princes seemed to be omnipresent, and every one had a different tale to tell of them.

One morning as the artillery was coming in from the daily Dienst, the crown prince, with his legs apart and his hands in his pockets, was standing at the entrance to the barracks, watching the long train of guns and horses file by. His tutor reproved the child for his attitude, with the remark: "The crown prince never stands in that position!" "Oh, bother the crown prince!" came the rejoinder.

That this small Hohenzollern was a chip of the old block, however, is evidenced by the story that in his play with his brother, the handsome Eitel Fritz, the latter in some way displeased the elder, who attempted to pummel him, saying: "I'll teach you who is crown prince!" On his return that evening the emperor was told of the occurrence, and calling the heir to the throne before him, made him tell his version of the story. "Quite right," said the emperor, when the boy had finished; "and now I shall teach you who is emperor!" whereupon he administered a severe rebuke to the crown prince.—St. Nicholas Magazine.

ALICE ROOSEVELT'S WEDDING was something to be recorded in the annals of history. Herbine has been acknowledged the greatest of liver regulators. A positive cure for Bilious Headaches, Constipation, Chills and Fever, and all liver complaints. J. C. Smith, Little Rock, Ark., writes: "Herbine is the greatest liver medicine known. Have used it for years. It does the work." Sold by the Hefley-Arcularius Drug Co.

OLD FIGHT AGAINST FOOTBALL.

There is nothing new about the present outcry against football. The game was prohibited in Scotland by James II and James IV, and in England Edward II held out pains and penalties for "hustling over large balls." It was also declared illegal in the time of Henry VIII, and strenuous efforts were made by Elizabethan statesmen to surpress the game, but without success. But where kings and queens failed the Puritans succeeded, as in other phases of sport.

TRANSFER AND STORAGE.

PIANO & household goods packed, moved and stored. 525 N. Tejon. Phone 688.

CLAIRVOYANT.

PSYCHIC MEDIUM, readings daily, test meetings Thursday and Sunday evenings. 20 East Pike's Peak, upstairs.

CLAIRVOYANT—Trance medium. 9 to 12; 2 to 9. Elizabeth Butler, 108 S. Nevada.

MRS. THOMPSON, clairvoyant, 50c and $1.00. Hours 9 to 8. 26 S. Nevada.

OSTEOPATHY.

DR. G. W. PAULY and wife, graduates Still's college, Kirksville, Mo., under founder of Osteopathy. 303-5 De Graff Bldg., 118 N. Tejon. Phones Red 1272. Res. 302. Best equipped office; best of care.

WANTED—MALE HELP.

GET all the money you need on diamonds, watches, jewelry, guns, musical instruments, clothing or anything of value; no publicity; office you deal with; and I guarantee good treatment and the lowest and most reliable price of any house. Loan Office, 29 E. Huerfano.

DO you want agents? Classified advertising will get them quicker and cheaper than any other method. Write for our special bulletins of suite policies. The Cramer & Russelt Co., 261 Grand avenue, Milwaukee, Wis.

BURROS to any point in North or South Cheyenne cañons, Brown, Tom, Mount Cutler, picnic grounds or Seven Falls for 25c round trip. The Cheyenne Burro & Carriage Co., successors to Hunter & Storer. Stratton Park.

WANTED—A man to call on the trade exclusively for one of the largest nurseries in the west. Good advantages to live orders. Address Westerlin Nursery Company, Toppenish, Washington.

WANTED—Male stenographer and clerk, accident and fire insurance business; experienced person preferred. Address P. O. Box 867, City.

WANTED—Laborers to cut ice; work by the day; part cash paid. THE HASTINGS-ALLEN REALTY AND BUILDING CO., 22 N. Tejon.

WANTED—You to join our club and get a bicycle for $2. B. G. Hewett, 114 Cheyenne Ave.

WANTED—Union carpenters to exchange work for lots. Part cash paid. THE HASTINGS-ALLEN REALTY & BUILDING CO., 22 N. Tejon.

WANTED—Young man to sell soft goods who wouldn't be satisfied with less than $5.00 a day. Address A-229, Gazette.

WANTED—Delivery boy with wheel at D. Y. Butcher Drug store.

MAN and wife, no children, for house and janitor work. 511 W. Vermijo.

WANTED—Young man to assist in playing room. Inquire 809 N. Weber.

WANTED—Man to learn the bath business. 14 E. Bijou St.

WANTED—MISCELLANEOUS.

DOES YOUR CARRIAGE NEED PAINTING? If so, let us paint it for you; all work guaranteed; prices reasonable. Frank Heimer's Paint Shop, 408 S. Tejon St.

WANTED—Cast-off clothing, shoes, furniture, in fact, anything. Send postal or phone 478-B. People's Mission, Poor Relief depot, 23 W. Huerfano.

THE best 10-inch record for your phonograph, 50 cents. Hiltbrand, 125½ N. Tejon St.

THOMAS ALLEN, house cleaner, office Temple theater. Phone Black 382.

WANTED—To take invalid for drives. H. R., Gazette.

WANTED—Diamonds, ¼ to 1¼ carats; also old gold and silver. 12 N. Tejon.

WANTED—AGENTS.

AGENTS make $6 daily selling the cheapest and most perfect water filter ever invented. Retails at $2.50. Big profit. Exclusive territory. SENECA FILTER CO., Seneca, Mo.

WANTED—FEMALE HELP.

WANTED—A young woman to go to Vernal, Utah, to clerk in store and bakery; transportation furnished if references satisfactory. See H. B. Neff, the owner, at 116 E. Kiowa, Sunday and Monday.

WANTED—Ten members for bicycle club No. 2. B. G. Hewett, 114 Cheyenne Ave.

WANTED—A competent girl for general housework. References required. 815 N. Cascade Ave.

WANTED—A good cook in family of three. Apply to Mrs. Frances Gilpin, First street, Broadmoor, or Phone 861A.

WANTED—Girl for general house work, 3 in family, wages $25. Apply 319 Cheyenne Road, block west of Maple St. Phone 1037-J.

WANTED—A good girl to do general housework; three in family. Apply mornings. 1228 N. Tejon St.

GIRL for general house work, at Pueblo. Good wages. Inquire 416 N. Nevada.

WANTED—Experienced cook. Apply 418 N. Tejon.

EXPERIENCED girl for general housework. 1340 N. Weber.

Employment bureau, 204 DeGraff bldg., 118 N. Tejon. Mrs. J. Rhind. Phone 546B.

APPRENTICE girl to learn tailoring. 21½ Pike's Peak Ave.

WANTED—SITUATIONS.

WANTED—By lady of experience, position as housekeeper or care of invalid; best references. 720 Washington Ave., Colo. City.

REFINED lady desires position as clerk in music store, have played in public. References. Address Miss A. S. Vine, 302 S. Twelfth St., Rocky Ford, Colo.

YOUNG lady desires position as second work, or care of children in nice family. References. Address Miss A. S. Vine, 302 S. 12th St., Rocky Ford, Colo.

FIRST-CLASS cook from east wants position; state wages; references. B-290, Gazette.

SWEDISH girl wants general house work. Call 617 E. St. Vrain.

HORSES AND VEHICLES

FOR SALE—Pair matched brown horses, one of the finest teams in the city; 6 and 7 years old; weight 2,900. If you want something nice look at these. Also nearly new wagon and harness. 221 S. Weber.

CARRIAGES and wagons repaired at lowest prices. Rubber tires a specialty. All work guaranteed. Homenway's Carriage and Repair Shop, 25 S. Cascade.

FOR SALE—Heavy team, harness and flat wagon, also single horse and baggage wagon. 15 West Cucharas.

FOR SALE—Handsome mare, eight years, city broke; absolutely sound. See private owner at St. Vrain Livery Barn.

FOR SALE—Bay team, cheap; just the thing for tourist work. Geo. R. Johnson, 831 N. Royer, or Western Packing Co.

FOR SALE—Runabout, cheap; high grade rubber tire; run less than three months. Inquire Lacey, Antlers Livery.

SIX-YEAR-OLD, sound mare. Drive single or double. 310 S. Conejos.

FOR SALE—Shetland pony, buggy and harness. 630 E. St. Vrain.

TO RENT—FURNISHED ROOMS.

30 NEWLY furnished rooms, single or en suite, modern, with or without board. The Alpha, 802 N. Tejon.

FOR RENT—Furnished room, convenient for one or two; kitchen privileges if desired. 1115 N. Weber.

BEAUTIFUL and refined apartments, single or en suite, strictly modern, central. The Harlyon.

ROOM with housekeeping privileges. 25 E. Willamette.

ROOMS for light housekeeping. Call 12 E. Platte.

ROOM, furnished or unfurnished. 717 N. Tejon. Fully modern. Phone 1021 R.

3 OR 4 complete furnished rooms for housekeeping; cheap. 924 N. Tejon St.

HOUSEKEEPING rooms, modern, south front. 1011 N. Cascade Ave.

THE Lacede—Best heat, best location; rooms $1 to $4 week. 123½ E. Pike's Peak.

FURNISHED rooms for light housekeeping; no children. 30 North Cascade Ave.

FURNISHED room, with use kitchen, $8 per month. 412 South Nevada.

Rooms for light housekeeping; reasonable; steam heat. 111 E. Boulder.

ELEGANT rooms and sleeping porch, 315 N. Weber St.

FOUR pleasant housekeeping rooms, first floor; bath. 425 E. Platte.

ROOMS for light housekeeping at 501 E. Platte.

3-ROOM cottage and housekeeping rooms, good location. 1007 Washington Ave.

BOARD AND ROOMS.

"THE ARLINGTON," Manitou, opens for the season March 28th. Pikes Peak. Low rates until June 1st.

LARGE pleasant rooms, with or without board. Close in. 15 West View Place.

TWO pleasant rooms, with board, reasonable rates for winter. 313 E. Kiowa.

ROOMS AND BOARD—Table board, Mrs. Walter A. Dunan, 117 N. Nevada.

BOARD and room; large front room, 809 N. Nevada.

ROOM and board, sleeping porch. The McGregor Inn, 712 N. Tejon.

ROOMS and table board. 118 E. Platte. Phone 899 A. Mrs. E. E. Batey.

LARGE or small rooms, steam heat, with board. 18 Boulder Crescent.

FURNISHED rooms and excellent table board. 418 N. Nevada. Phone 2495-A.

FOR RENT—UNFUR. HOUSES.

MORTON INVESTMENT CO.

FOR RENT—UNFURNISHED.

6 rooms and barn, $12.

10 rooms, modern, in heart of city; best location for rooming house; $35.

FURNISHED.

8 rooms, close in, $40.

And others in all parts of the city.

Suite 26-27, Midland Block.

FOUR ROOM (or partly furnished), south front. 222 East Vermijo. Commission to agents.

FOUR-room house, with or without barn; cheap. 522 S. Nevada.

A 4-ROOM unfurnished cottage; water inside. 329 N. El Paso. $10.

4-ROOM house, modern, Ivywild. C. E.

TO RENT—FURNISHED HOUSES

FOR RENT—June 1st to October 1st, attractive furnished cottage. Seven rooms, including four bedrooms. Also cottage of eleven rooms, including eight bedrooms. Splendid opportunity for summer outing. Fine mountain scenery, fishing, driving, etc. On D. & R. G. R. R. Apply P. O. Box 826, Colorado Springs, Colo.

MODERN 6-room house. 215 E. Espanola. Key 1615 N. Nevada.

ONE-ROOM cottage, furnished. 444 East Kiowa.

SIX rooms and bath, large glass porch, close in. 40 W. Bijou.

2-ROOM cottage, nicely furnished. Call 909 S. Sahwatch.

WANTED—TO RENT—HOUSES.

WANTED—HOUSES TO RENT.

We ARE making a specialty of renting, having a man who devotes his entire time to the purpose. If you have a desirable property that is vacant, we rent it for you quick. Try us.

YATES & McCLAIN,
The Hustling Real Estate Firm,
15, 16, 17, 18, 18½ El Paso Block.
Phone Main 770.

WANTED—To rent furnished cottage or four housekeeping rooms; answer immediately. C-897, Gazette.

FOR SALE—RANCHES.

NOW is the time to grasp a good opportunity. Buy land at $1.75 per acre; can't get it for any less money anywhere else or find anything that compares in location, etc. Investigate and verify our advice. Union Pac. Land Agcy., 1025 17th St.

MISCELLANEOUS.

FOR RENT—Barn with three stalls, shed and lot. Room 40, Bank Bldg.

CHICAGO PORTABLE HOUSE CO. Tel. 600-A; 506 W. Huerfano.

LOST.

LOST—On Pike's Peak avenue, a small white Mexican toy poodle. Return to Mrs. C. L. Tutt, 14 W. Bijou street and receive reward.

GENT'S suit, between Second and Third sts., West Side. Reward if returned Gazette office.

REWARD for return of black walnut writing desk and contents, taken from 315 N. Weber St. Sunday night.

LOST—Small white female dog with long hair; name Fifi; no collar. Reward. 414 E. Pike's Peak.

LOST—Between Boulder and Kiowa, Sunday, nose glasses. Return to 322 E. Boulder.

LOST—Pair silver rim glasses. Please leave at Gazette office.

LOST—Gold watch fob; monogram, "A. R." Return to 904 S. Weber. Reward.

LOST—One yellow greyhound bitch. Return Kenyon Saddle Stable. Reward.

Gazette Want Ads

Do the work quickly and satisfactorily.

5 cents per line of six words per day.
$1.00 per line of six words per month.

No ad less than two lines.

GAZETTE BRANCH OFFICES.

Such advertisements can be left at any of the following branches at regular rates before 6 o'clock in the evening and will receive insertion in the next morning's issue:

Brown's DRUG CO., Cor. Pike's Peak and Nevada Ave.
PLAZA PHARMACY, Tejon and Uintah streets.
YOUNG'S PHARMACY DRUG CO., 408 S. Tejon St.
SEVENTH STREET PHARMACY, 1901 Colorado Avenue.
C. M. WAYNOW, Confectionery, 2[illegible] Colorado Ave., Colorado City.
W. M. TURNBULL & CO., Druggists, 106 Canon Ave., Manitou.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.

GOOD FARMS FOR SALE

160 acres fruit and hay land, two miles from good town. All fenced and cross-fenced. Dwelling, sheds and large barn. Good school on place. Fine well drinking water.

This well improved farm will be sold at $50 per acre less than unimproved land adjoining. Buy this to speculate on. Call at office for price. Remember the water rights are the best and undisputed.

BRICK APARTMENT BLOCK, COLORADO CITY.

This building, one block from business center on Colorado avenue, with 16 living rooms, will be sold at less than one-half the cost and on easy terms. Buy this and make the money to pay for it this summer renting rooms. Call at office for terms and price.

$1,600 buys 3-room dwelling, large barn, chicken house. Piece of ground 110x277 feet. Irrigation water and city water.
Terms $7.00 per month and 7 per cent. Small payment down.

"FOR SALE OR TRADE"

North Nevada avenue—Seven rooms, fully modern, full lot, barn. Price $4,750, or will trade for larger property and pay cash difference.

3-room frame dwelling. Lots 64x128 each. 1 lot 25x50. Located in good town in Illinois.
Price $2,150—Trade for something in Colorado Springs or vicinity.

10 acres of irrigated land in Idaho's fruit belt, which is the finest in America. Price $2,000. Trade for something in Colorado Springs or vicinity.

$1,600 worth of clear property in southern California, for stock of goods, furniture of rooming house or horses. Will pay cash difference.

Brick house, lot 60x130, fine location in Colorado City.
Price $1,750 or will trade for ranch five or six miles out, suitable for dairy.

$2,100—Eight rooms, modern except heat, large lot, on car line and close to business center of Colorado Springs. Trade for small place in Colorado Springs or Denver.

$4,250—Seven rooms, fully modern home, nine blocks north, ½ block from car line, ½ block from college grounds, stone walks, fence. Leased at $53.00 per month.

CHAS. T. FERTIG
22 NORTH TEJON ST.

E. M. SIMMONS
SALES AGENT.
PHONE 897.

Our Friends Are Legion

A Paper can have no better friends than those to whom its want ad. columns have been of real service. The Gazette wants YOUR friendship on that basis.

COME IN TODAY

MONEY TO LOAN.

THE STAR LOAN CO.

ROOM 25, FIRST NAT'L BANK BLDG.
—PHONE 578-A—

$ DO YOU NEED MONEY? $

Have you regular employment in any respectable business?

—Then See Us.—

The oldest and most reliable.

Never WORRY and thereby lose SLEEP and overtax NERVES for want of $10 to $100. LIFE is too SHORT. OPPORTUNITY too GREAT to get it just on your note and repay small easy payments each pay day. Discount if paid before due. All business confidential. Every business courtesy extended.

TO LOAN.

Money at 5 and 6 per cent, on real estate; no delay.

W. W. WILLIAMSON,
Member Colorado Springs Real Estate Exchange.
Tel. 476-A. 27 N. Tejon St.

WANTED TO LOAN $7,000 on good real estate security; lowest rates, will loan $3,000 if desired. Call morning, 9 o'clock.
NORTON INVESTMENT CO.,
Suite 1-27, Midland Block.

MONEY TO LOAN ON GOOD CHATTELS TERMS TO SUIT BORROWER.
WOLFE & BELL,
ROOM 6, P. O. BLDG.

CHATTEL AND SALARY LOANS AT LOW RATES AND EASY PAYMENTS.
303 COLO. BLDG. PHONE 471-B.

PATENTS.

PATENTS obtained, machinery designed. G. B. Price, 6 Boulder Crescent. Phone Red 12.

MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS.

I CAN sell you 10-inch Zon-o-phone records for 40 cents. Hiltbrand, 125½ N. Tejon St.

FOR SALE—FURNITURE.

FURNITURE for sale of all kinds. Call and see. 413 South Nevada.

FURNITURE of all kinds for sale. 513 E. Kiowa.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

J. C. ANDERSON, Contractor and Builder, 119 E. Kiowa St. Phone X-4.

FOR SALE—MISCELLANEOUS.

FURNITURE at private sale for two days only. One Sadler's remarque proof etching, handsome Louis XIV parlor cabinet, mahogany bed, two beautiful water colors, onyx and ormolu clock; all choice gems from Mr. Ewing Eaches' collection. Phone 824-A. Elsamur French, 20 E. Bijou St.

FINE home, nearly new, every modern convenience; excellent for rooming or boarding house. Owner leaving state and will take any reasonable offer. Part or all cash. 315 E. Monument.

THREE buggies, good condition; two sets harness; buggy and single; two saddles; two cows; one horse.
STIRES REALTY CO.,
22 Midland Block.

MEAT-BOX, butter-box, safe, showcase, counter, spool-case, display-rack, scales, cash register. 618 North Wahsatch.

FOR SALE—Small eight horse-power upright steam engine. Good condition. Must be sold. Address E, care Gazette.

FOR SALE—One 12-horse power electric motor; good condition, cheap. Must be sold. Address Motor, care Gazette.

PLENTY of shavings for horse bedding and kindling wood delivered. The Newton Lumber Mfg. Co.

OLD mirrors resilvered; work first class. Phone Red 443. 3 North Wahsatch Ave.

WANTED—Everyone to call Burnam Coal Co., 18½ Huerfano. Phone 602B.

FOR SALE—Edison Mimeograph, size G, nearly new. Inquire business office.

FOR SALE—Old papers, 50c per hundred papers at Gazette office.

S. C. Brown Leghorn and Barred Rock eggs, 50c setting. 105 W. Cheyenne Road.

LARGE soda fountain for sale, cheap. Inquire Ute Iron Springs, Manitou.

FOR SALE—A gent's wheel, almost new, cheap, at 31½ S. Sahwatch St.

SPRING wagon, sewing machine style; also harness, cheap. 423 N. Wahsatch.

FOR SALE CHEAP—Good watch dog. 1108 E. Pike's Peak Ave.

ELECTRIC fixtures complete for a 5-room house, cheap. 518 E. Dale.

FOR SALE—About $3,000 first mortgage notes; A1. Call Room 26, Midland Blk.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.

WHY PAY RENT WHEN YOU CAN BUY A HOME [illegible]

[illegible] Tejon St.

[illegible] modern, good condition, large lot [illegible]

10-room house, modern except heat, rented in excellent locality, close in; payments [illegible]

We write policies against hailstorms.

ADAMS & WILLIAMS,
Rooms 1[illegible] No. 1[illegible] N. Tejon St.

[illegible] and closet and [illegible]

[illegible] large lot [illegible]

[illegible] good location [illegible] per month [illegible]

A. T. JOHNSON,
Real Estate, Loans, Insurance.
[illegible] N. Tejon St.

FOR SALE

5-room, strictly modern cottage, [illegible] date in every particular, close in, on North Tejon St. [illegible] 3 bedrooms, 1 bath, 2 toilets, hot water heat, electric and gas lights, lot 50x150. Price $4,[illegible]

5-room house, north, close in; 2-story, 4 bedrooms, bath, toilet, furnace heat, electric lights, 1 grate and mantel. Also 5-room house on same lot, cottage and electric lights; lot 50x150, only $3,500.

COTTEN & TERRILL
20½ N. Tejon St.

A NEAT 3-room cottage, good condition. Lot 25x190, fenced; chicken house and lot. $700.

Three-room cottage, nice clean rooms; lot 75x150, fenced; chicken yard and lot; close in; west side. $1,200.

Good home in Ivywild, clear, to trade for north end property; will assume.

STIRES REALTY CO.
22 Midland Block.

WEST SIDE BARGAINS.

Four-room house, well located in West Colorado Springs, for sale at $20.00 per month, interest included. This is desirably located to Portland or Telluride mills. Other properties for sale on monthly payment plan.

THE HARPER-WARNER AGENCY,
1012 Colorado Ave.

$75 DOWN, $12 PER MONTH

are the payments on a neat shingled cottage of five large rooms and cellar, on corner lot, west side.

THE HASTINGS-ALLEN REALTY CO.,
22 N. Tejon.

LOT on Washington Ave for sale on payments of $20 per month. Look this up if you want a fine building site on easy terms.

THE HARPER-WARNER AGENCY,
1012 Colo. Ave.

$35 DOWN, $7 PER MONTH

Pays for a neat cottage of three rooms and cellar, large lot.

THE HASTINGS-ALLEN REALTY CO.,
22 N. Tejon.

CHEAP, on easy terms, 438 North Walnut street; eight-room modern house; hot water heat; lot 140 feet front, with shade trees, barn and chicken corral.

AUCTIONS AND AUCTIONEERS.

A BIG AUCTION

Sale of extra nice furniture, consisting of fine parlor furniture, iron beds, mattresses, springs, elegant quartered sawed oak dressers, chiffoniers, commodes, rugs, rockers, No. one dining room furniture, dishes, cooking utensils and many other useful articles too numerous to mention. These goods are practically new, nice and clean and positively will be sold to the highest bidder regardless of their cost or value. Sale begins promptly at 10 a. m. next Tuesday, March 27, at 511 North Weber.

J. W. COFFEY & CO.,
Auctioneer.

TO BE SOLD at auction, horse, Peck's Corral, 2 O'clock, March 24th.

J. W. COFFEY & CO., GENERAL AUCTIONEERS, room 35 Midland block.

TO TRADE.

WHAT have you to trade for a fine lot on Washington avenue?
THE HARPER-WARNER AGENCY,
1012 Colorado Ave.

GUITAR to trade for gent's wheel. E. E. Quimby, 615 Colorado Ave., Colo. City.

WANTED—To trade town property for cattle. B-291, Gazette.

LEGAL NOTICES.

NOTICE OF ANNUAL MEETING.

The annual meeting of the stockholders of the Guanajuato Power and Electric company, for the election of directors and for the transaction of such other business as may properly come before such meeting, will be held at the office of the company, in the Giddings building, at Colorado Springs, Colorado, at 12 o'clock noon on Tuesday, March 27th, 1906.

The stock transfer books will be closed at 5 o'clock p. m. on the 17th day of March, 1906, and will reopen on the day after the final adjournment of the meeting.

IRVING W. BONSRIGHT,
Secretary.

SEALED BIDS.

Will be received by the city treasurer of Colorado Springs until March 30 at 9 a. m. for materials and supplies for the several city departments or offices, respectively, to be delivered at place designated within the city of Colorado Springs, in accordance with specifications, at such times and in such quantities as they may be needed, during the second quarter of the current fiscal year.

Estimates and specifications will be furnished on application by the city treasurer and bids made must be in accordance with specifications.

The city reserves the right to reject any and all bids.

By order of the city council, March 7th, 1906.

W. H. HOAGLAND,
City Treasurer and Purchasing Agent.

ANNUAL MEETING.

A deferred annual meeting of the stockholders of the Colorado Springs Packing Co. will be held on Tuesday, April 3d, 1906, at the hour of 8 p. m. at the branch office of the company, Deer Path Ave., Manitou, Colo., for the election of directors for the ensuing year, and such other business as may properly come before the meeting.

C. LOUIS SMITH,
President.

A. L. SMITH,
Secretary.

POULTRY AND PET STOCK.

FINE 50c Silver Spangled Hamburgs, great egg producers; leaving town. Phone [illegible]

SILVER CHERRIES [illegible] per 100. 1115 E. Cache.

FOR SALE—Nice laying hens. F. E. Young, 1[illegible] east Prospect Lake.

FOR SALE—Thoroughbred Brown Leghorn cockerels, laying hens. 1110 Bluff.

WANTED—Mated common pigeons. Address P. O. Box 126, Colo. Springs.

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE.

CALIFORNIA—ARE YOU GOING? Write or call on me for information. Excursion a specialty. California for sale. [illegible] N. Nevada & Co., 218 Mercantile Place, Los Angeles, California.

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE for smaller farm and property, a 3-roomed modern and furnished cottage, close in, a bargain. Inquire The Mag, 24 North Tejon.

[illegible] good small horse or will exchange for good work horses. 526 S. Nevada.

RAILROAD TIME TABLES.

DENVER & RIO GRANDE.

No.	NORTH. FOR DENVER.	
16	From Ouray, Gunnison, Salida, Leadville and Glenwood	4:45 am
6	From Salt Lake & Pac. Coast	8:30 am
8	From Pueblo	9:00 am
12	From St. Louis, K. C., Pueblo	10:35 am
2	From St. Louis & Pac. Coast	2:05 pm
10	From Pueblo and Canon City	3:55 p
14	From Trinidad and Pueblo	6:10 pm
4	From Salt Lake & Pac. Coast	7:20 pm

SOUTH AND WEST FROM DENVER.

15	For Ouray, Gunnison, Salida, and Leadville	12:25 am
5	For Salt Lake & Pac. Coast	11:05 am
1	For Salt Lake, St. Louis and Pacific Coast	12:05 pm
13	For Pueblo	10:30 am
9	For Canon City and Pueblo	4:10 pm
7	For Pueblo, Alamosa, Durango	9:30 pm
11	For Kan. City and St. Louis	7:05 pm
3	For Salt Lake & Pac. Coast	10:35 pm

No.	Lv. Colo. Spgs.	No.	Lv. Manitou
43	7:50 am	44	8:30 am
45	10:45 am	46	11:30 am
47	5:00 pm	48	5:30 pm

MANITOU BRANCH TRAINS.

For Pueblo ..... 7:10 pm
For Pueblo ..... 10:30 pm
Trains arrive from Denver, 6:20, 10:40.

COLORADO MIDLAND RAILWAY.

No.	WEST BOUND.	Leaves.
5	Colorado, Utah, Pacific Coast Limited; Santa Fe-C. & S. depot	12:05 pm
11	Cripple Creek and Ute Pass Express; D. & R. G. depot	7:10 p.
3	Colorado, Utah, Pacific Coast Limited; Santa Fe-C. & S. depot	11:30 pm

No.	EAST BOUND.	Arrive
6	From Colorado, Utah, Pacific Coast; Santa Fe depot	7:05 am
2	From Cripple Creek & Ute Pass; D. & R. G. depot	10:30 am
4	From Pacific Coast, Utah, Colorado; Santa Fe depot	6:40 p

All trains to and from Cripple Creek district leave from and arrive at D. & R. G. depot. Other trains arrive and leave from Santa Fe depot. Ticket office No. 8 North Tejon street.

C. S. BROWNE,
General Agent.

COLORADO & SOUTHERN.

	NORTH BOUND.	
For Denver, Boulder, Ft. Collins		6:55 am
For Denver, Boulder, Ft. Collins		7:25 am
For Denver, Boulder, Kan. City, St. Louis and East		10:25 am
For Denver		11:25 am
For Denver, Boulder, Ft. Collins, Omaha, Chicago and East		1:25 pm
For Denver, Kan. City, St. Louis		3:25 pm
For Denver, Omaha, Chicago, Kan. City, St. Louis and East		6:45 pm
For Denver		7:05 pm

	SOUTH BOUND.	
For Pueblo		6:40 am
For Pueblo		10:10 am
For Pueblo, Trinidad, Ft. Worth		2:30 pm
For Pueblo		6:45 pm
For Pueblo		7:10 pm
For Pueblo		10:30 pm

Trains arrive from Denver, 6:20, 10:35, 11:40 a. m., and 2:35, 6:25, 7:05, 10:20 and 11:20 p. m.

Trains arrive from the south, 6:35, 10:15, 11:45 a. m., 1:30, 3:20, 6:00 p. m.

Ticket office No. 119 E. Pike's Peak Ave. Come in and ask questions.

G. H. LOGAN, C. A.

ROCK ISLAND SYSTEM.

No.	LEAVE COLORADO SPRINGS.	
42	Rocky Mt. Lim. to Chicago	10:40 am
6	Vestib'd Lim. Chi. via Omaha	9:40 pm
16	Colorado Flyer, Kan. City, St. Joe, St. Louis, Chicago	2:30 pm
	For Kan. City, Memphis, Jacksonville, Fla., and St. Louis	7:55 am
8	Limited to Pueblo	8:30 am
9	Limited to Pueblo	11:50 am
61	To Pueblo	5:45 pm

	ARRIVE COLORADO SPRINGS.	
5	Vestibuled Lim. from Chicago	7:10 am
27	From St. Louis and Kan. City	8:15 am
9	Colorado Flyer, from Kan. City, St. Joe, Omaha, St. Louis	11:30 am
41	Rocky Mountain Limited	9:40 pm

Through sleepers and chair cars on all trains; dining cars for all meals.

W. W. WOOD, C. P. A.
2 Pike's Pike Ave. Phone 78.

SANTA FE.

February 11, 1906.
Union Station, East Pike's Peak Ave.

No.	NORTH, FOR DENVER.	
5	From Chicago and California	6:35 am
13	From Colorado Midland	7:25 am
15	Denver Express	10:35 am
607	Denver Express	11:55 am
1	From Texas	1:35 pm
601	From Pueblo and East	3:25 pm
3	Denver Ex. from Cripple Ck.	6:05 pm
11	From Colorado Midland	7:05 pm

	EAST BOUND AND CALIFORNIA.	
608	For Chicago and Kan. City	9:00 am
4	For Pueblo	10:10 p.
12	To Colorado Midland Ry.	11:00 a. m.
2	For Pueblo	2:30 pm
602	California Lim. and Chicago	6:40 pm
16	For Pueblo	7:10 pm
8	For Chicago, K. C., El Paso	10:30 p
16	To Colorado Midland Ry.	11:20 pm

COLORADO SPRINGS & CRIPPLE CREEK DISTRICT RY.

(Narrow Gauge.)

No.	Daily.	WEST BOUND.
28	Leaves Colorado Springs	[illegible]
	Arrives at Cripple Creek	1:30 p.

	EAST BOUND.	
31	Leaves Cripple Creek	11:00 am
	Arrives Colorado Springs	3:[illegible]

Through trains of day coaches, parlor cars between Denver, Colorado Springs, Crash and Victor are run over the C. & S. Ry. to and from Colorado Springs.

Short line trains arrive and depart Santa Fe station, Colorado Springs. Ticket office, 119 E. Pike's Peak Ave.

THE CRIPPLE CREEK [illegible]

Via Colo. Midland Out of Colo. Springs.

No.	WEST BOUND.	
31	Leave Colorado Springs	7:00 am
	Arrive Cripple Creek	[illegible]

	EAST BOUND.	
32	Leave Cripple Creek	[illegible]
	Arrive Colorado Springs	[illegible]

MISSOURI PACIFIC RAILWAY.

Arrive
10:25 am—St. Louis, Rock Isle, K. C., St. Joe, Atchison, Leavenworth, Topeka and Hot Springs, Ark., daily.
2:05 pm—East Mail, St. Louis, Springs, Salina, K. C., St. Joe, Atchison, Leavenworth.

PHONE 671-B.

The Keystone
C. J. HALL
DRY GOODS CO.
111 S. Tejon St.

Our "Cash Rebate Checks" with every Purchase.

WE have just added in our new addition to this store a LACE CURTAIN DEPT. An entire new stock of the NEWEST and LATEST in all kinds of Lace Draperies. We have marked them all at very attractive selling prices. We invite your inspection. Look over OUR stock before you purchase your spring lace or muslin curtains.

HAVE YOU SEEN THEM?
THOSE NEW SPRING SUITS AT

Rafield the Clothier

[illegible] WEATHER.

The following meteorological record is furnished by the Colorado College weather bureau for 6 hours ending at 6 o'clock p. m.

Temperature at 6 a. m.	40
Temperature at 12 m.	60
Temperature at 6 p. m.	51
Maximum temperature	60
Minimum temperature	38
Mean temperature	49
Max. bar. pres., inches at 6 a. m.	23.[illegible]
Min. bar. pres., inches, 12 m.	23.83
Mean vel. of wind per hour	8
Max. vel. of wind per hour, 2 p. m.	22
Relative humidity at noon	18
Dew point at noon	16
Precipitation in inches	0

City Briefs

[illegible] people w[illegible] by'n spectacles

FINELY furnished rooms, Y. M. C. A.

CHAMBERLAIN & Brown, Dentists.

MUSICAL CLUB—A meeting of the Colorado Springs Musical club will be held this afternoon at 3:30 o'clock.

LOVERS of French should not fail to hear Miss Shedlock at Palmer hall Monday afternoon at 4 o'clock. Admission 50 cents.

WILL MEET—The Women's auxiliary of the Y. M. C. A. will meet in the association parlors this afternoon at 3 o'clock. Members are urged to be present.

REHEARSAL—The Philharmonic chorus will hold a full rehearsal in Perkins hall tonight at 8 o'clock. The concert will begin tomorrow night at 8:15 o'clock.

MARRIED—Edward P. Miller and Lillian Bodell were married at the home of the bride's parents, Mr. and Mrs. S. A. Bodell, 220 East Costilla street, last evening. The Rev. J. C. Rawlings officiated.

FUNERAL—The funeral of James F. Stewart was held at the residence yesterday afternoon at 3:30 o'clock. The Rev. I. J. Heizer officiated. Burial was made in Evergreen cemetery.

WOMAN'S AUXILIARY—The regular meeting of the Woman's auxiliary of the Y. M. C. A. will be held in the association parlors this afternoon at 3 o'clock. Members are urged to attend without further notice.

RECEPTION—The North End W. C. T. U. will hold a parlor meeting and reception at the home of Mrs. William Lierd, 728 North Weber street, at 3 o'clock this afternoon. Mrs. A. S. Benjamin of Michigan will give an address and parliamentary drill.

KILLED—The body of Robert Fleming, a Californian, who was killed in the gas explosion at Burke Ivanhoe tunnel near Leadville yesterday morning, was brought to Colorado City last night and will be sent to California by Colorado City camp No. 485, Woodmen of the World.

ADDRESS—The Rev. H. M. Hale, pastor of the First Christian church of Colorado City, will make an address on "The Minister in the Market Place," before the Ministerial association at the Y. M. C. A. building this morning at 10:30 o'clock.

D. & RIO GRANDE TRAINS TO DENVER.
4:45 a. m., 8:20, 9:05, 10:25, 2:05 p. m., 8:25, 6:10, 7:20.
TO PUEBLO.
10:30 a. m., 11:05, 12:06 noon, 4:10 p. m., 7:10, 9:20, 10:35, 12:25 night.

Established (with the town) 1871.

HENRY LeB. WILLS.
ELLIS L. SPACKMAN
EDWARD W. KENT.

Out West Building

HENRY LeB. WILLS & CO

Member Colorado Springs Real Estate Exchange

For Sale Modern House of 10 Rooms, hot water heat, close in $5,500

Houses For Rent

AMUSEMENTS

SELECTIONS FROM GRAND OPERAS.

The National Grand Opera company consisting of ten principals is booked to appear at the Opera house on next Wednesday evening. Regular prices of admission will be charged for this engagement. There are many novelty features imported from Europe for this famous company besides the singers appearing in scenes from Gounod's grand opera, "Faust," Wagner's "Parsifal," Verdi's "Aida," "Il Trovatore," etc. Among the great artists of this excellent organization are the Duchess Gertrude Dudley, the lineal descendant of the original Duchess Dudley and the holder of the title today, with a clear soprano voice of exceedingly large range. Miss Clara Mae Hammer is an American by birth, but went abroad when quite young, studying with the great masters and appearing as prima donna in Paris, Milan, Pesaro, etc. She has a pure soprano voice and great dramatic force.

George Jenkins, tenor, appreciates and understands and is master of all classes of music. J. F. Kuehne, basso cantata, has sung in the principal theaters of the world and made a brilliant success everywhere. Mlle. Rose Sicardi, the brilliant violinist, has full claim to the title "genius," which her artistic work has earned for her; and others of ability.

AL. G. FIELD'S GREATER MINSTRELS.

Theater goers of this city will have an opportunity to see the Al. G. Field Greater Minstrels at the Opera house next Saturday. Flattering reports have preceded this minstrel show into this city. Capacity business has been done in all the leading cities in the country.

It is said the "first part" is as refreshing as a dip into salt water. It is a tonic. And with the conclusion of its melody and its merriment and its lights and shades, for the "first part" is said to be done in as many colors as a chameleon's coat, the minds of the audience have been soothed and the general verdict is that Mr. Field has given to the public a necessity. The refined humor is said to be in keeping with the artistic prospect, and the melody is expressed in songs as varied in sentiment as the many colored light effects. Ebony-faced minstrel men in long purple coats and high purple hats commingle with white-faced minstrel in immaculate silks and satins. It is during the "first part" that "Doc" Quigley introduces his eccentric dance in an act called "The Head Waiter." The act is known as "The Gridiron Club" and is a take-off of the famous newspapermen's club of Washington, by that name.

The olio is said to be rich in specialties. Each act is touched with humor in sympathy with the keynote sounded in the "first part." The Flood brothers are said to do a comedy act different from anything of its type. It is a seriocomic and passes with snap.

SEE THE CHOICE LINE OF HAWKES CUT GLASS
Just in at
LAUTERMAN'S
JEWELER AND OPTICIAN
121 N. Tejon St. Phone Black 233

See our New Spring Oxfords
J. H. GARDNER SHOE CO.
30 N. TEJON ST.

FAVORS LOCAL COUNTY OPTION

FIELD SECRETARY OUTLINES AIMS OF STATE ANTI-SALOON LEAGUE BIG MEETING.

Congregations of the Protestant churches of Colorado City united in a mass meeting at Waycott Opera house last night under the auspices of the Anti saloon league. J. A. Jackson presided at the meeting, which was largely attended.

E. E. McLaughlin, superintendent of the State Anti-Saloon league, who had been announced as the principal speaker, appeared, but was unable to make an address on account of overwork. He introduced the Rev. C. G. Smith, of Pueblo, field secretary of the state league, who made a strong appeal in behalf of the league's work in Colorado.

"Local county option," said Dr. Smith, "is the ultimate aim of Anti-Saloon league work. If we could secure laws which would allow each county to decide the liquor question for itself, half the battle would be won. Colorado Springs prohibits liquor traffic; Colorado City allows it. But if El Paso county should decide the question, there would be no saloons in either city."

THE GAZETTE IS DELIVERED FOR 60 CENTS A MONTH.

Our English Breakfast Sausage

has certainly struck the keynote with the Springs epicures.

Made from only the choicest portions of little pigs and freshest herbs and seasonings, after the London formula, with no foreign adulterations of beef, water or cracker flour, and is

PAR EXCELLENCE.

W. N. BURGESS
112-114 North Tejon St.

Spring Time

Is the time for cleaning up. This applies to the HUMAN SYSTEM as well as to material things. If your system needs renovating, and ten to one it does, you can't use a better cleanser than

Citrate of Magnesia

Provided you get it FRESH and MADE RIGHT.

Every time you buy a bottle from us, we make it fresh while you wait, and you know it is made right.

—Results always satisfactory.

D. E. MONROE & CO.
Phones 371 and 131.
TEMPERANCE PHARMACY.
Corner Tejon and Bijou Sts.

SHORT SLEEVES

are to be the vogue this season. Short sleeves at once suggest bracelets. There is as much difference in bracelets as in gowns. Some have style and some have not. Some are common, some exclusive.

If you want a stylish bracelet and one a little out of the ordinary, see our large stock. All prices.

R. ASHBY.
Optical Jeweler.

Mineral Waters

Few people appreciate the value of mineral water as a medicine, but from the increase of 150 per cent in the consumption of natural waters in the past decade it is evident we are fast realizing the remedial powers of these products.

We have a very large assortment—laxative, tonic, astringent, diuretic, etc., etc.

The Antlers
PHARMACY CO.
TELEPHONE 424-B.

WARNER'S & CO
208 N. Tejon.
THE FURNITURE

Are Your Clothes Dusty and Spotted?

If so, have them cleaned by our perfect dry process; it cleans them thoroughly without any shrinking or getting out of shape. We are prepared to do them on short notice. Phone 872A, and we will call.
THE PANTATORIUM.
17 E. Bijou. Branch Office, 88 N. Tejon.

KODAK

The Baby, the Dog, the Mother, the Father, and all the Children

Bow down to the fascinating "Witchery" of

"Kodakery"

We sell the Kodaks, and the Films.

The D. Y. Butcher Drug Co.
Phone 90 Immediate Delivery Service. Cor. Opp. P. O.

THE KEYSTONE
112 South Tejon St. Telephone No. 136

Monday Soap Sale

7—5c packages Soap Powder
10 Cakes Woodchuck Soap
12 Cakes Nugget Soap
15 Cakes Snap Soap
15 Cakes Red Bird Soap
4—10c Cans Lavaline

25c

$25.00

Santa Fe

To California--Daily

Through Tourist Sleeper.
Two Days.

18 NORTH TEJON ST.

Money Saved on Northwest Trips

If you are going anywhere Northwest this spring, we can save you money. Any day until April 7 we will be glad to sell you a ticket from Denver to Portland, Tacoma or Seattle, for only $25. The usual price is $35, and the $10 difference might as well stay in your pocket. It will stay there if you buy your ticket of us. This is only one example of hundreds of similar low rates in effect during this period. Coupled with these cheap tickets, we have the quickest and most convenient train service from Denver to practically all points Northwest.

Tell me where you are going and I'll tell you how much money we can save you.

Burlington Route

J. F. VALLERY, General Agent,
C. B. & Q. Ry.,
1039 Seventeenth St., Denver.

JACKSONVILLE, FLA.

And Return,

$48.90

Extremely low WINTER TOURIST RATES TO MANY OTHER POINTS EAST AND SOUTH via

MISSOURI PACIFIC RAILWAY

ELECTRIC LIGHTED PULLMAN AND TOURIST SLEEPERS.
FREE RECLINING CHAIR CARS.
ELEGANT DINING CARS (meals a la Carte.)

For detailed information call on or address

H. B. KOOSER, G. W. P. & P. A. A. McFARLAND, C. T. A.
17th and Stout Streets, Denver, Colo.
J. M. ELLISON, C. T. A., Colorado Springs, Colo.

DOLLINGER & HARRISON,
Dealers in All Leading Coals
FREIGHT AND TRANSFER.
Phone 786-A.

Strong prices in the Carpet Dept.

Mill-End Rugs ⅓ Off

Rugs made from short lengths of Body Brussels, Axminster, Wilton Velvet and Sandford Velvet carpet at 1/3 off the regular price.

Tapestry & Satin Damasks

Tapestries and Satin Damasks suitable for draperies and furniture covering at 1-2 price. 50c values, 25c; 75c values, 37½c; $1.00 values, 50c; $1.25 values, 62½c; $1.50 values, 75c; $2.00 values, $1.00, etc.

Jute Rugs

Jute Rugs in oriental shades of red and blue.
27x54, selling regular at $2.00, sale price 75c
36x72, selling regular at $3.00, sale price $1.25

Tapestry Rugs

Tapestry Rugs in oriental colors, figured ends.
27x54, selling regular at $2.00, sale price $1.00

Mitre Mats

Mitre Mats made from 4 corners, nicely matched, leathers on corners, at, each $1.50

Middlesex Axminsters

Middlesex Axminster carpets, good wearing, heavy pile carpet, selling regular at $1.40 per yd.; made, laid and lined .. $1.20

10 Wire Tapestry Brussels

10-wire Tapestry Brussels carpet, oriental and floral designs, selling regular at $1.00; made, laid and lined 85c

Clearance Sale Percale and Calico Wrappers

Clearance sale of Percale and Calico Wrappers.
$1.00 and $1.25 Wrappers 65c
$1.50 and $2.00 Wrappers 95c
$2.25 Wrappers $1.25

GIDDINGS BROS.

EL PASO NATIONAL BANK
OF COLORADO SPRINGS, COLO.
Capital $200,000.00
Surplus and Undivided Profits $100,000.00
STOCKHOLDERS William S. Jackson, Pres.; C. C. Hemming, Vice Pres.; C. L. Hemming, Cashier; Geo. William J. Palmer, Asa T. Jones, S. P. Shove, H. M. Blackmer, C. H. White, O. L. Godfrey, E. J. Eaton, Henry LeB. Wills, Thos J. Fisher, S. B. Mansfield, O. E. Hemenway, Geo. S. Elstun, Colorado Springs, Colo., B. F. Edwards, W. H. Thompson, J. C. Van Blarcom, St. Louis, Mo.

THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK
OF COLORADO SPRINGS, COLO.
Capital, Surplus and Undivided Profits $475,000.00
OFFICERS AND DIRECTORS
J. A. Hayes, President; Irving Howbert, Vice President; A. Sutton, Cashier; A. H. Hunt, Asst. Cashier; Wm. A. Otis, John G. Shields, Chas. M. MacNeill, Frank G. Peck, Spencer Penrose.

THE COLORADO TITLE AND TRUST COMPANY
CAPITAL, $300,000. SURPLUS, $50,000.
OFFICERS AND DIRECTORS—President, J. Arthur Connell; Vice Presidents, H. G. Lunt, E. P. Shove, L. E. Curtis; Secretary, F. M. McMahon; Assistant Treasurer, George E. Nolte; Assistant Secretary, Wm. R. Waterton; Auditor, Albert B. Briggs; J. G. Shields, C. M. MacNeill, F. G. Peck, P. B. Stewart, I. W. Bonbright, R. P. Davis, Henry Hine, Spencer Penrose, D. B. Fairley, H. C. Hall, E. J. Ullrich, C. P. Dodge and F. W. Stehr.
Pays Interest on Savings and Trust Accounts.

THE COLORADO SAVINGS BANK
OF COLORADO SPRINGS, COLO.
Capital ..... $50,000 Surplus and Undivided Profits $17,000
General Banking Business. Interest Paid on Savings Account.
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